Gettysburg Compiler.

97TH YEAR | GETTYSBURG, PA., SATURDAY, OCTOBER 31, 1914 | NO. 10

DEMOCRATIC CANDIDATES

MAKE A TOUR OF ADAMS COUNTY ON FRIDAY

Campaign Closes With People Determined to Uphold Wilson and Elect Democratic Candidates.

From every part of the State come the most favorable reports that the people of the old Keystone State are going to uphold President Wilson in giving more constructive legislation than the country has had for a quarter of a century and also for preserving the peace of the country when the rest of the world is at war.

On Friday those magnificent Democrats, Hon. A. Mitchell Palmer, Democratic candidate for the United States Senate, and Hon. Vance C. McCormick candidate for Governor, came to old Adams and made a tour of the county. Remember these two were in the thick of the fight at Baltimore, that gave the country Wilson. They were met at Cashtown by Hon. A. R. Brodbeck, Democratic candidate for Congress, and started with a meeting at Cashtown at 9 a. m. The tour was as follows: Arendtsville at 10, Biglerville 10.30, Gettysburg 11.15, speeches were made at Eagle Hotel at 12.15, and at the Furniture Factory at 12.40. Littlestown was reached at 1.30, McSherrystown at 2.15, New Oxford at 3, Abbottstown at 3.30, and East Berlin at 4. At each point crowds of our people were met and everywhere there were promises of support and assurances that this was a Democratic year in old Adams.

Congressman Brodbeck with party of county Democrats toured the county visiting on Wednesday, Fairfield, Orrtanna, McKnightstown, Mummasburg, Bendersville, Aspers, Gardners, Idaville, York Springs, and Heidlersburg. The party started in at Hunterstown, then New Chester, Hampton, Bonneauville, White Hall, Yoost's Store, Two Taverns, Barlow, Greenmount, Moritz's Store and Zora. The presence of Congressman Brodbeck has been needed in Washington in upholding President Wilson and the Democratic program of legislation, and only when Congress adjourned last Saturday was he able to throw himself into the fight in this district, and did so with the firm conviction that when he was kept away on duty at Washington the people of his district would understand and take care of him.

The prospects are of the brightest for a complete Democratic victory not only in this county and district but throughout the State. It is going to be a vote of confidence to President Wilson and the Democratic party.

PROSPERITY SPEAKS.

The people are not going to be deceived by the false statements of the Republican calamity howlers. There is no calamity here or in sight. The actual facts show that in the month of September America exported five million dollars more goods than during the corresponding period of a year ago and that the increase was progressive throughout the month, the last week showing a gain of nearly two millions over the corresponding week of 1913. The balance of trade is with us and will be with us for months to come and the American manufacturers are enjoying a period of prosperity. Already the new banking legislation of Democracy has been found to fit in and help to take care of the business of the country.

POLITICAL FORECAST.

The forecast of the result of the election promises a vote of confidence to President Wilson and the Democratic party. The result in Maine a month ago is an indication of what the result will be all over the country. The "Herald," "World" and "Sun," of New York City, have gathered facts and figures and last week made their forecasts and they all agree that the U. S. Senate will be Democratic by a safe majority of from ten to fourteen. They also agree that the Democrats will control the next House by a substantial majority. The Republicans in Pennsylvania are recognizing the fact that they never had a better opportunity than the present for purging their party of a masquerading machine and for a thorough house-cleaning. A Republican defeat in Pennsylvania cannot in any way affect the control of congress. A thorough house-cleaning in the State would demolish the machine and give an opportunity to rebuild the party along clean political lines. The Republicans are going to kill Penroseism for the good of their party and the forecast is for the triumphant election of Palmer and McCormick.

McCORMICK'S STRENGTH.

Vance McCormick is going to win out handsomely as Governor of Pennsylvania and win out because he deserves to. Every one who knows Vance McCormick knows that whatever he goes into he does thoroughly and in a way to enjoy his own self-respect and the respect of the people. That has been the way he has gone at farming and his farms are progressive models. Every enterprise he has entered is along the same lines. As owner of the "Harrisburg Patriot" he has cleansed it from all objectionable advertising, compelling the same morals to control in the business end of the paper as in the editorial room. When he became Mayor of Harrisburg he gave himself to a thorough and honest administration of the city and he made the city over, so that the Capitol to-day is referred to as a model city of growing beauty. McCormick's abilities are recognized throughout the State and the uniting of the Democrats and independents make sure of his election by a safe majority. McCormick is deserving of the vote of every Pennsylvanian who wants to see a complete reformation at Harrisburg.

BRUMBAUGH'S WEAKNESS.

McCormick is a winner because the people know exactly what he stands for. Dr. Brumbaugh may be personally unobjectionable, but he has refused from the first to come out and be himself, but has chosen to be the representative of that which is behind him. Colonel Roosevelt, commenting on Dr. Brumbaugh's statement that he had been on the Personal Liberty (liquor) ticket for three weeks without knowing said, "If that is true he is the most innocent little woolly lamb in the world! He isn't fit to go to the State Capitol. He ought to be kept in the nursery, because if he is taken to the State Capitol sombody might deceive him."

Early in the campaign he was offered large support if he would declare himself against Penrose and Penroseism and he refused. He says he is for local option, and Neil Bonner, president of the Pennsylvania Federation of Liquor Dealers, writes to the holders of licenses, "There are but two candidates for the office of Governor. If Vance McCormick wins the fight, your license will not be in force many more years." This same Bonner, addressing liquor dealers at Atlantic City said, "The Republican party of Pennsylvania, led by Boies Penrose, is the friend of the liquor dealers. * * and they are rallying to a man to the aid of the Republicans." The attempt of Dr. Brumbaugh to hide that which he represents by his own personality is so understood that no one can mistake the man for what is back of him. This masquerading of the machine under colors of respectability deserves to be hit and hit hard. The way to do it is to vote for McCormick and his Democratic associates.

WINNING PERSONALITY.

A. Mitchell Palmer is going to win because he personifies more than any one else in the contest President Wilson and he will receive the united Democratic vote and many Republicans and independents who are going to give President Wilson a vote of confidence. This strength of Palmer was apparent at the primaries when he received more votes than Penrose in 40 counties and carried 33 counties over all candidates of all parties. In 52 counties the Democratic vote exceeded the Penrose vote. Penrose throughout the State ran less than Taft. A. Mitchell Palmer has a personality that wins admiration everywhere. He led the fight for Wilson at Baltimore, and when the struggle ran along ballot after ballot more than a dozen of the leaders gathered together and decided to break the dead-lock with a dark horse. They called into consultation Palmer and offered to make him the winning dark horse. The presidency was in his grasp but Palmer, the man, answered that he proposed to stay in Baltimore by the Wilson banner, if need be, "until the Chesapeake bore ice a foot thick." He was true to Wilson though it meant the sacrifice of the presidency. Such a man deserves in his contest to clean Pennsylvania politics the votes of all good thinking people regardless of party. He has been true to his friend Wilson. He has been true to the Democratic platform of pledges of legislation, now made good. He has been true to the Democracy of his State in ridding it of a former bipartisan flavor. He is now making an heroic fight to redeem his State and he is winning votes of determined enthusiasm because of the strength of his personality.

MAKE YOUR VOTE COUNT.

In this year when the voter is determined to put the stamp of disapproval upon Penrose and Penroseism he should be sure to do it with a whole vote and not a half one. When a Republican drops Penrose and votes for Palmer he is making his vote count in dropping Penrose and he is making it count again in voting for Palmer. To give it to another candidate is to make it only count one way. Henry C. Niles the well known reformer and independent of York in an open letter said, "After much consideration I am forced to the conclusion that the most hopeful way to eliminate Penrose this year is to support Mr. Palmer's candidacy. In my view a vote for Mr. Pinchot will be half a vote against Penrose and is so far good. It seems to me wiser to vote directly for Mr. Palmer, which will be twice as effective against Penroseism as would a vote for Pinchot."

DEMOCRATIC CONGRESS.

All that has been said leads to but one conclusion, that the upbuilding of the President and the welfare of the country demands a Democratic Congress. The accomplishments of the President were of course only possible by reason of the fact that he was supported by a Congress with a Democratic majority. In order that he may have free rein in the future to carry on his good work it is necessary that the Democratic majority in Congress be retained. If we believe in Woodrow Wilson, as all of us do, we must see that a Congress in sympathy with him is elected. This reasoning applies with particular force to this Twentieth Congressional District. Our present congressman, who is a candidate for re-election, has consistently voted for the Wilson measures, and is the only candidate who if elected can be depended upon to support the President in the future. If you wish to vote in support of President Wilson you can do so only by voting to return Mr. Brodbeck to Congress.

ROOSEVELT'S TRIP.

Colonel Roosevelt has spent three days in Pennsylvania making valiant efforts to defeat Penrose and Penroseism. The Colonel is wise enough to know that the defeat of Penrose will help his own progressive cause and that by Penrose winning great harm would be done his cause. The Republican and Progressive parties he imagines could be pulled together with Penrose defeated but never if the latter wins out. Those of our citizens who have been following Colonel Roosevelt can help his cause doubly with a vote for Palmer for such a vote counts both ways.

LEGISLATIVE ISSUE.

D. Calvin Rudisill, the Democratic candidate for the Legislature, should be given a rousing good big Democratic majority. When Pennsylvania is to be redeemed with Vance McCormick as Governor, he will need every assemblyman who will vote for the laws that will be needed to clean up Pennsylvania. Adams county wants to lead the procession with an assemblyman to uphold McCormick and Mr. Rudisill is the man who will do this. His life is the best proof that he has always given himself to the duty placed upon him. He has served his township as township clerk and school director. He has served his party as delegate to county conventions and as county committeeman. He has worked again and again for the ticket which the Democratic people of the county this year asked him to lead. He stands squarely on the Democratic platform on the many important issues of the campaign. He fully understands the needs of this county and what will advance its prosperity and every one who knows Mr. Rudisill knows that he will be found fighting to the last ditch for his party and its principles. Turn out and give Rudisill a big vote.

GET OUT AND VOTE.

In our country and under our system no one lives unto himself, his peace, happiness and protection depend upon society of which he is the unit, and the unit owes it to himself and to his fellowmen to go to the polls and express himself. In issues as in the present campaign, in which every family is interested, involving questions of good government against machine rule, local option against liquor interests, the approval of constructive legislation, each voter can only be true to himself, to his neighbors, to the whole community in which he lives, to state and nation by going to the polls and conscientiously voting his convictions.

OCTOBER WEDDINGS.

KUHN—GRUNNINGER.—On Tuesday morning, Oct. 27, Miss Grace Grunninger, only daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Joseph H. Hemler of McSherrystown, and John B. Kuhn, son of Mr. and Mrs. Francis Kuhn of Hanover, were united in marriage at a nuptial mass in St. Mary's Catholic Church, McSherrystown, by Rev. Fr. Reuter. The atendants were Miss Ella Kuhn, a sister of the groom, as maid of honor and Miss Natalie Noel of McSherrystown, as bridesmaid, and best men were Robert Wierman of McSherrystown, and Geo. F. Klunk of Hanover. The bride wore a white satin dress with train, a veil caught with orange blossoms and carried bride's roses and chrysanthemums. The only ornament was a brooch worn by groom's mother at her wedding in 1878. The maid of honor wore a pink crepe-de-chine gown with black picture hat trimmed with pink plumes and carried pink chrysanthemums. The bridesmaid wore a yellow satin dress with black picture hat trimmed with yellow plume and carried yellow chrysanthemums. A wedding breakfast was served at home of the bride. They left on an extended wedding trip and will reside in McSherrystown, groom being employed as a marble setter with Blue Ridge Marble Co. Among the Gettysburg people attending were Mrs. Pius Miller and son Leo, Mrs. Peter Stock and daughter Helen.

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EMMERT—LAWRENCE.—On Oct. 17th, in Philadelphia, Roy C. J. Emmert of Hanover and Miss Mamie Lawrence, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Gregory Lawrence of Brushtown, were married by Rev. Fr. Crane. Mr. and Mrs. G. F. Smith were present at ceremony. The bride wore a blue silk poplin dress. The young people will reside at Brushtown for the present.

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CRATIN — FEESER.—Miss Edna M. Feeser of Taneytown, Md., and Joseph J. Cratin of Littlestown, were married in Littlestown Oct. 8, by Rev. W. J. O'Callaghan. They will live in Littlestown.

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BRASHSHEARS—GROFF.—Charles Albert Brashshears of New Oxford and Miss Bertha M. Groff of Conewago, were married at a nuptial mass in Conewago Chapel by Rev. Francis Feeser, assistant rector, Tuesday morning. The bride is a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Frank Groff of Irishtown, and the groom a son of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Brashshears of New Oxford.

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STAMBAUGH—MARKLE.—On Oct. 17, at Abbottstown, by Rev. F. C. Sternat, Allen Stambaugh and Miss Jennie L. Markle, both of Berwick township.

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LILLICH—MOUL.—On Oct. 10, at Abbottstown, by Rev. F. C. Sternat, Geo. Lillich of Abbottstown and Miss Lottie Moul of York county.

DEATH RESULTS FROM FALL

MRS. LYDIA STOCKSLAGER TRIPPED ON EDGE OF OILCLOTH

In the Fall Hip Was Broken and Complications Resulted in Death

MRS. LYDIA STOCKSLAGER died on Sunday at the home of D. Calvin Rudisill in Mt. Joy township, near Two Taverns, aged 77 years. Death was due to a fall a week or more previously. She tripped on upturned edge of a piece of oil cloth and fell heavily to the floor, breaking a hip. She was tenderly nursed but complications developed resulting in death. She was the widow of Jacob Stockslager, who died in 1895 and has made her home since with her daughter and son-in-law, Mr. and Mrs. D. Calvin Rudisill. The funeral was held on Wednesday, interment being made at St. Mark's Reformed Church on the Baltimore pike. She leaves her only child and daughter, Mrs. Rudisill, and one brother, Jacob Harner, living near Gettysburg.

EDWARD D. SHEELY died at his home in Franklin township near Cashtown, last Friday, after a year's illness from tuberculosis, aged 48 years. He was a son of the late Mr. and Mrs. Noah Sheely and resided with a number of brothers and sisters on the old home farm. The funeral was held on Sunday interment being made in the Arendtsville cemetery. He leaves five sisters and three brothers, Mrs. Edward Rebert, Cashtown; Mrs. Charles Stockslager, Philadelphia; Miss Florence Sheely, Miss Hettie Sheely, Miss Alice Sheely, Daniel Sheely, Robert Sheely and Andrew Sheely, living on the home farm.

SAMUEL G. HECK, a former resident of Gettysburg, died last Friday at the home of his nephew, S. J. Yengst at Boiling Springs, aged 82 years and 7 months. Mr. Heck lived many years on South Washington street, following plastering trade. About three years ago he moved to New Oxford where his wife died and he then went to Boiling Springs. The funeral services were held on Monday in the U. B. Church of this place and interment made in the Evergreen cemetery.

MRS. HARRIET GROUP, widow of John Group died at home of Mrs. Jacob Spangler, a daughter, at Nachusa, Ill., on Monday, Oct. 26. Mrs. Group had lived many years at Round Top and several years ago moved to Steinwehr Avenue, this place, and about three months ago went West to her daughter. Her maiden name was Miss Harriet Swisher. The body was brought here and services held on Wednesday with interment at St. Mark's Reformed Church on Baltimore pike. She leaves four daughters and three sons, Mrs. Jacob Spangler and Mrs. John Hoff of Nachusa, Ill., Mrs. Wm. Starner of Starners' Station, and Alice Group of Cumberland township, Jacob Group of Biglerville, John F. Group of Franklin Grove, Ill., and Tilman Group of Big Rapids, Mich. One sister survives, Miss Kate Swisher of Cumberland township.

EDWARD SINGLEY died at the home of his son John, in Hamiltonban township, on Monday, aged 78 years. The funeral was held on Thursday, services by Rev. W. K. Fleck, interment in Fairfield cemetery. He leaves three sons, Harry Singley of Highland township, George and John Singley of Hamiltonban township.

JOHN STRASHBURGH died at his home in Hamiltonban township on Monday evening from injuries received at the saw mill of David McCleaf. He was 25 years of age. He was employed at mill and stepped across the belt running from fly wheel to the engine and was caught by the belt and thrown twenty-five feet through the air landing on his head. He got up, walked a few steps and then was helped to his home, and five hours later death followed from the fracture of the skull and the concussion. The funeral was held on Wednesday, at the Catholic Church in Fairfield and interment was made in the Catholic cemetery of that place. He is survived by his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Strashburgh of near Fairfield, and one sister, Miss Elizabeth at home.

PROF. ERNEST LAGARDE, for forty-five years professor of English Literature and Modern Languages at Mt. St. Mary's College, Emmitsburg, died on Sunday, aged 78 years. He was a native of New Orleans and was educated at College Hill, Miss., and University of Louisiana, and received the degree of LL.D. from Georgetown University. During the Civil War he served in the Confederate army. He became a professor at Mt. St. Mary's in 1869. He is survived by his wife, three sons and a daughter.

MRS. JACOB HENRY died at Thomasville, York county, on Oct. 17th, aged about 86 years. She was well known in New Oxford where a sister, Mrs. Catherine Straley lives.

JAMES E. WEYGANDT was found dead in bed Wednesday morning by his wife. He had been dead for several hours. His age was 70 years, 11 months and 3 days. He had been in poor health for several years, but was able to be about and was going about as usual on Tuesday and there was no indication of a serious condition when he retired. For many years he followed the tanner's trade at the old Gilbert Tannery and in recent years has been working at the Reaser Furniture Factory, and respected by all who knew him. The funeral was held on Friday with interment in the Evergreen cemetery. He leaves a wife who was Miss Laura Wolf, and three children, Samuel Weygandt, Mrs. Paul Lutz and Miss Ruth Weygandt, all at home. One sister survives, Mrs. Joshua Bain of this place.

THOMAS MCCULLOUGH, a well known and respected colored citizen of this place, died on Wednesday morning from dropsy, aged 74 years. He was a veteran of the Civil War, having served in Co. F, 32nd U. S. Colored Infantry, and came to this place after the battle. He married Miss Mary Ward of Frederick, who survives with two children, Clarence McCullough of this place and Mrs. Herbert Matthews of Harrisburg. Two step-brothers living in Pittsburgh, survive. The funeral was held on Friday, interment in Colored cemetery.

MRS. ELIZABETH J. MCLAUGHLIN, wife of Ezra McLaughlin, died at her McKnightstown home on Wednesday in her 78th year. The funeral was held on Friday, services and interment at Reformed Church of McKnightstown. Mrs. Michael Tate and Mrs. Harry Ridinger of this place are daughters of decedent.

"Fi Fi of the Toy Shop."

The musical extravaganza "Fi Fi of the Toy Shop" promises to be a wonderful success artistically as well as financially. The production will be shown at Walter's Theatre on Friday, Nov. 6, at 8.15 p. m., under the personal direction of Mr. Edmund A. Kellog of New York. The proceeds are to go to our Kurtz Playground and the cast and choruses are chosen as largely as possible from the various athletic clubs clubs of young people who used the Playground last summer. The Gettysburg Camp Fire of Jenny Wrens is responsible for bringing this show to town, and the other clubs have joined them with enthusiasm.

THE CAST:

Fi Fi, the French Doll — Miss Lillian Ring
Bonny, the Toy Maker's Daughter. — Miss Genevieve Power
The Man in the Moon. — Mr. Stanley Wray
Lieut. Tin Heart. — Mr. Donald Ikeler
The Sand Man. — Mr. Becker
Prince Lolly Pop. — Mr. Thos. Nixon
Capt. Barnacle. — Mr. Jacob Rudisill
Aurelia, Fair Queen. — Miss Amy Swope
Lucy, the Rag Doll, — Miss Lucile Bender
Ink Spot, the Topsy Doll. — Miss Lillian Kitzmiller
Jap Doll, — Miss Nellie Warner
Tack Hammer, the Toymaker. — Lawrence Sheads
Doll's Head. — Miss Mary Kohler
Bo-Peep. — Miss Helen Pfeffer
Talking Doll. — Miss Maybelle Lott
Clowns, Messrs. Wm. Troxell and Wm. Duncan.

Bonnie, the toymaker's daughter, wandering into the woods near the toy shop, is sung into a magic sleep by the Sandman and dreams of wonderful dream, wherein the bisque and wooden creations of the toy shop come to life.

The first act shows all the dolls and toys coming to life and ends with all the animals from Noah's Ark terrorizing the rest of the toys. In it commences the love episode between Fi Fi, the flirtatious French Doll and Prince Lollypop and Tin Heart, two ardent suitors.

The second act shows the fascination of Fi Fi for the Man in the Moon and her elopement with him. Just before the curtain drops she is seen sailing away in the moon with her lover. This is perhaps the most picturesque setting of the show.

The third act portrays the doll's grief at the loss of Fi Fi and finally with the aid of Aurelia, the good fairy, they recover her. Fi Fi's wedding to her faithful lover, Lieut. Tin Heart, is included in the act, with the entire toy shop as witnesses. In the epilogue Bonnie is shown awakening from her magic dream in the woods and just before the final curtain drops Bonnie harkens to the music of the Sandman's lullaby, sung softly by the entire cast.

The choruses as completed are as follows:

Live Letter Blocks: Rachel Slonaker, Marian Kappes, Mabel Galbraith, Blanche Noel, Belle Miller, Lollie Myers, Edith Sneads, Bonnylyn Gilbert.

China Dolls: Louise Bender, Elizabeth Evans, Justine Hartley, Jeanne Heindel, Bessie Kelly, Margaret Major, Martha Major, Lorene Roth, Edith Sheely, Evelyn Teet.

Bride-maids: Frances McClean, Katherine Duncan, Lillian Crawford, Mary Slaybaugh, Dorothy Zane, Pauline Rudisill, Katherine Rinehart, Mae Menchey, Lucy Tawney.

Noah's Ark Animals: Clarence Sheely, Elmer Slaybaugh, Benson Altoman, William Ziegler, Ross Sheely, Harold Roth.

Paper Dolls: Sara Butt, Amelia Butt, Marguerite Tipton, Henrietta Hersh, Mary Appler, Marian Plank, Anna Miller, Helen Sefton.

Jumping Jacks: Edwards and Arthur Buehler, Ted McPherson, Donald McPherson, Henry Bream, Edward Thomas, James Gilliland, Lloyd Sharetts, Wendell Rudisill, Hadley Heindel.

In addition there will be a chorus of fifty-three little girls as "Christmas Faries."

Miss Lillian Ring will take the principal role of Fi Fi the French Doll and the rest of the talent as well is very unusual for so small a town, Mr. Kellog says. Practices are being held morning, afternoon and evening in the Episcopal Parish House and the ability of Mr. Kellogg as a trainer impresses all who have attended. On the Wednesday and Thursday before the play there will be two full rehearsals from 3.30 to 6 at the theatre. The entire cast of 125 will be there. There will be no full dress rehearsals as Mr. Kellogg believes better results are obtained without.

The costumes will be here by Saturday afternoon and they can be taken home by the young people for any alterations that may be necessary.

Tickets may be procured from members of the cast and from Mrs. Chas. E. Stable at fifty cents, and all will be reserved at the Peoples Drug Store on Wednesday, November 4th.

PERSONALLY CONDUCTED

ALONG THE LINES OF INDIVIDUAL HAPPENINGS.

Comings and Goings, Social Events and Other Items of Interest.

—Rev. and Mrs. Franklin E. Taylor entertained at a reception at their home on East High street on Friday evening.

—The following alumni of Gettysburg College were honored by La Fayette College on Founder's Day, Oct. 28. Judge J. Hay Brown received the degree of Doctor of Laws and Prof. C. F. Sanders the degree of Doctor of Divinity.

—Dr. James Stem of Lemoyne, was on an automobile trip through Adams county last week, spending Friday in Gettysburg.

—Mrs. Barr of Altoona is the guest of Dr. and Mrs. A. E. Wagner on Springs avenue.

—Prof. D. Montfort Melchoir of Philadelphia, an instructor at Girard College, accompanied the boys from that institution on their annual trip to Gettysburg last Friday.

—Mr. and Mrs. C. C. Ziegler and family of Thompsontown, visited over Sunday at the home of Mr. and Mrs. William D. Gilbert.

—Mr. and Mrs. John Francis Rummel of Baltimore spent Sunday with relatives in town.

—Mr. and Mrs. Marshall Young have returned to their home in Easton, Pa., after a visit of several weeks with Dr. and Mrs. G. D. Stahley on Springs avenue.

—Mr. and Mrs. John D. Keith, Miss Martha Dickson and Miss Amy Swope have returned from a brief trip to Old Point Comfort and Richmond, Va.

—Word has been received from Mrs. Frances Walter formerly of this place, that she and her daughter, Miss Cornelia Walter, are safe in Berlin, Germany, where they have been making their home for some time.

—Miss Annie Danner who has been a patient in St. Luke's Hospital, Baltimore, for the past two weeks, where she underwent an operation for the removal of a cataract, has returned to the home of her sister, Mrs. C. E. Reinewald, in Emmitsburg.

—Judge Swope, Dr. O'Neal and W. L. Hafer have returned from an automobile trip to Pittsburgh.

—Dr. J. C. Felty of Trenton, was a Gettysburg visitor this week.

—John Blocher, son of Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Blocher, has been appointed an assistant in Quantitative Chemistry at Johns Hopkins University, Baltimore.

—Dr. C. B. Treibley has gone to Cuba to take the position of assistant surgeon on the U. S. Cruiser Cumberland. Mrs. Treibley and children will remain with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Ring.

—Miss Alice Hummiston of Boston is visiting Mrs. Catherine Reichle on West Middle street. She is one of the three children of Sergt. Amos Humiston, who was found dead on Stratton street on the first day of the battle here holding an ambertype of his three children. When the Orphans' Home was established here Mrs. Humiston became matron of the home and lived here with her children about five years. The mother died about a year ago near Boston at age of 83 years.

—Mr. and Mrs. Harry Breighner have returned from their wedding trip to Boston, Niagara Falls, New York, Pittsburgh, Philadelphia and Plainfield, N. J.

—Mrs. Milton Britcher has returned to Harrisburg after visiting Mr. and Mrs. Wm. D. Armor on East Middle street.

Mr. and Mrs. Melville Huber who have been spending the summer at Idaville, will go to Johnstown for the winter, Mr. Huber having accepted a position in a drug store there.

—F. B. Dreher of Auburn was a recent guest of Mr. and Mrs. W. F. Oswald.

Mummers' Parade.

There will be a Mummers' Parade on Hallowe'en, Saturday night. Messrs. Miller and Ziegler of Walter's Theatre have announced prizes aggregating $15, for the prettiest float, for best comically arranged float, and for the man and woman in most comical costume. Wm. McG. Tawney will be in charge of the parade of four divisions, 1st school children with lanterns distributed at Walter's Theatre, 2nd, horseback riders and pedestrians other than school children, 3rd, floats, and 4th, automobiles.

Choral Society.

A Choral Society has been organized in town with a membership of about thirty music lovers. Mrs. J. B. Baker has been chosen leader, M. K. Eckert pianist, Miss Reba Miller assistant pianist. Practice has started with the "Hallelujah Chorus."

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"GOD SAVE THE COMMONWEALTH"

GENERAL ELECTION

SHERIFF'S PROCLAMATION.---I, G. R. Thompson, High Sheriff of Adams County, Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, do hereby make known and give this notice to the electors of the county aforesaid, that an election will be held in said county of Adams, on

Tuesday, November 3th 1914

It being the first Tuesday after the first Monday of November, (the polls to be opened at 7 a. m.) at which time the Freemen of Adams County elect by ballot the following officers, duly qualified persons for the following offices, namely:

One Judge of the Supreme Court.
One Judge of the Superior Court.
One United States Senator.
One Governor.
One Lieutenant Governor
One Secretary of Internal Affairs.
Four Representatives in Congress at Large.
One Representative in Congress.
One Representative in the General Assembly.

To vote a straight party ticket, mark a cross (X) in the square, in the first column, opposite the name of the party of your choice.
A cross mark in the square opposite the name of any candidate indicates a vote for that candidate.
If you desire to vote for a person whose name is not on the ballot, write or paste his name in the blank space provided for that purpose.
A cross (X) in the party square in the first column does not carry a vote for any judge.
To vote for Judge mark a cross (X) opposite the name of the candidate desired.

FIRST COLUMN

To Vote a Straight Party Ticket, Mark a Cross (X) in this Column.

DEMOCRATIC	☐
WASHINGTON	☐
REPUBLICAN	☐
SOCIALIST	☐
BULL MOOSE	☐
ROOSEVELT PROGRESSIVE	☐
PROHIBITION	☐
KEYSTONE	☐
INDUSTRIALIST	☐
PERSONAL LIBERTY	☐

NON-PARTISAN COLUMN

Judicial Ticket

Non-Partisan

JUDGE OF THE SUPREME COURT
(Mark One.)

Robert S. Frazer,	☐
George Kunkel,	☐

JUDGE OF THE SUPERIOR COURT
(Mark One.)

James E. Clark.	☐
Frank M. Trexler,	☐

UNITED STATES SENATOR
(Mark One.)

A. Mitchell Palmer,	Democratic.	☐
Gifford Pinchot,	Washington.	☐
	Bull Moose.	☐
	Roosevelt Progressive.	☐
Boies Penrose.	Republican.	☐
	Personal Liberty.	☐
Fred W. Whiteside,	Socialist.	☐
Madison F. Larkin,	Prohibition.	☐
A. S. Landis,	Industrialist.	☐

GOVERNOR
(Mark One.)

Vance C. McCormick.	Democratic.	☐
	Washington.	☐
Martin G. Brumbaugh,	Republican.	☐
	Keystone.	☐
	Personal Liberty.	☐
Joseph B. Allen.	Socialist.	☐
Charles N. Brumm,	Bull Moose.	☐
William Draper Lewis,	Roosevelt Progressive.	☐
Matthew H. Stevenson,	Prohibition.	☐
Caleb Harrison,	Industrialist.	☐

LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR
(Mark One.)

William T. Creasy,	Democratic.	☐
	Keystone.	☐
Percy F. Smith,	Washington	☐
	Bull Moose.	☐
	Roosevelt Progressive.	☐
Frank B. McClain,	Republican.	☐
	Personal Liberty.	☐
Frederic J. Shollar,	Socialist.	☐
H. J. Whalen.	Prohibition.	☐
Geo. G. Anion.	Industrialist.	☐

SECRETARY OF INTERNAL AFFAIRS
(Mark One.)

William N. McNair,	Democratic.	☐
Fred E. Lewis.	Washington	☐
	Bull Moose.	☐
	Roosevelt Progressive.	☐
Henry Houck.	Republican.	☐
	Keystone.	☐
	Personal Liberty.	☐
Robert B. Ringler,	Socialist.	☐
C. W. R. Smith,	Prohibition.	☐
Wm. H. Thomas,	Industrialist.	☐

REPRESENTATIVE IN CONGRESS AT LARGE
(Mark Four.)

Robert S. Bright,	Democratic.	☐
Martin Jennings Caton,	Democratic.	☐
Arthur B. Clark,	Democratic.	☐
Charles N. Crosby,	Democratic.	☐
Lex N. Mitchell,	Washington	☐
	Bull Moose.	☐
	Roosevelt Progressive.	☐
Arthur R. Rupley,	Washington	☐
	Bull Moose.	☐
	Roosevelt Progressive.	☐
Anderson H. Walters,	Washington	☐
	Bull Moose.	☐
	Roosevelt Progressive.	☐
Harry Watson,	Washington.	☐
	Bull Moose.	☐
	Roosevelt Progressive.	☐
Thomas S. Crago,	Republican.	☐
	Personal Liberty.	☐
Mahlon M. Garland,	Republican.	☐
	Personal Liberty.	☐
Daniel F. Lafean,	Republican.	☐
	Personal Liberty.	☐
John R. K. Scott.	Republican.	☐
	Personal Liberty.	☐
Dennis O'Brien Coughlin	Socialist.	☐
Edward W. Haydon,	Socialist.	☐
W. S. Greeley King.	Socialist.	☐
Charles Sehl.	Socialist.	☐
George Hart,	Prohibition.	☐
James J. Patton.	Prohibition.	☐
B. R. Pike,	Prohibition.	☐
S. Harper Smith.	Prohibition.	☐
Albert W. Binz ,	Keystone.	☐
Joseph B. Holtz,	Keystone.	☐
John Lipsett,	Keystone.	☐
Howard S. Welker,	Keystone.	☐
James Erwin.	Industrialist.	☐
H. G. Meinel.	Industrialist.	☐
Charles Durner.	Industrialist.	☐
A. M. Fisher.	Industrialist.	☐

REPRESENTATIVE IN CONGRESS
(Mark One.)

Andrew R. Brodbeck,	Democratic.	☐
Robert C. Bair,	Washington.	☐
C. William Beales,	Republican.	☐
H. W. Logeman,	Socialist.	☐
John J. Stauffer,	Prohibition.	☐

REPRESENTATIVE IN THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY
(Mark One.)

D. Calvin Rudisill,	Democratic.	☐
S. Gray Bigham,	Washington.	☐
Samuel Bream,	Republican.	☐
	Prohibition.	☐
John H. Weaver,	Socialist.	☐

I also hereby make known and give notice the places for holding the aforesaid election in the several wards, boroughs, districts and townships within the County of Adams are as follows:

In the First district, composed of the first ward of the borough of Gettysburg, at the Globe Inn, on York street.

In the Second district, composed of the second ward of the borough of Gettysburg, at Harry Gilbert's house on Chambersburg street.

In the Third district, composed of the third ward of the borough of Gettysburg, at the Court House.

In the Fourth district, composed of the township of Germany, at Golden's School-house, in the township of Germany.

In the Fifth district, composed of the township of Oxford, at Red Mill School-house, in the township of Oxford.

In the Sixth district, composed of that part of the Township of Huntington south of the Oxford road at Election House on Carlisle and Hanover Turnpike near York Springs, in the township of Huntington.

In the Seventh district composed of the township of Hamiltonban, No. 1 at the Election House at junction of Tract and Gettysburg roads in the township of Hamiltonban.

In the Eighth district, composed of the township of Hamilton, at Election House at Pine Run School House in Hamilton township.

In the Ninth district, composed of the township of Menallen, at the Election House on the Newville road, near the residence of Baldwin Morrison and D. P. Rice.

In the Tenth district, composed of the township of Straban, in the Election House in the town of Hunterstown.

In the Eleventh district, composed of the township of Franklin, at the Gate House, Cashtown.

In the Twelfth district, composed of the township of Conowago, at Sand Hill School-house, in the township of Conowago.

In the Thirteenth district, composed of that part of the Township of Tyrone south of the Bull Valley Road in the room in P. O. S. of A. Hall in Heidlersburg.

In the Fourteenth district composed of the township of Mountjoy, at the Election House in Two Taverns.

In the Fifteenth district, composed of Mountpleasant No. 1, at the residence of Mrs. Dr. Weaver in said township.

In the Sixteenth district, composed of the township of Reading, at the Hall of the Jr. O. U. A. M., in Hampton.

In the Seventeenth district, composed of the borough of Abbottstown, at the town hall in Abbottstown.

In the Eighteenth district, composed of the township of Freedom, at the house of Samuel S. Moritz, in said township.

In the Nineteenth district, composed of the township of Union, at Schildts' School-house, in said township.

In the Twentieth district, composed of the township of Butler, at an Election House on land bought of Geo. E. Deardorff along the Menallen road in said township.

In the Twenty-first district composed of the township of Berwick at the Beaver Creek School-house, in said township.

In the Twenty-second district, composed of the township of Cumberland, at the Election House on Wm. H. Johns' property on the Emmitsburg road, in said township.

In the Twenty-third district, composed of the township of Highland, at the School-house at Lower Marsh Creek Presbyterian Church, in said township.

In the Twenty-fourth district, composed of the borough of Littlestown, at the Alpha Fire Engine House, in said borough.

In the Twenty-fifth district, composed of the borough of York Springs, at the Central Hotel, said borough.

In the Twenty-sixth district, composed of the township of Liberty, at Grayson's School-house in said township.

In the Twenty-seventh district, composed of the borough of New Oxford, at the Eagle Hotel in said borough.

In the Twenty- eighth district, composed of the borough of East Berlin, at the Church School-house in said borough.

In the Twenty-ninth district, composed of the borough of Bendersville, at the School-house in said borough.

In the Thirtieth district, composed of the township of Latimore, at the State Road School-house in the township of Latimore.

In the Thirty-first district, composed of the first ward of the borough of McSherrystown, at the public house of B. H. Eline, in said booough.

In the Thirty-second district, composed of the second ward of the borough of McSherrystown, at Union Hotel, in said borough.

In the Thirty-third district, composed of the borough of Arendtsville, at A.F. Trostle's Hall, in said borough.

In the Thirty-fourth district, composed of the borough of Fairfield, in the property of Mrs. Evanna Artzberger, in said borough.

In the Thirty-fifth district, composed of the borough of Biglerville, at 2nd floor, Thomas Building, in said borough.

In the Thirty-sixth district composed of that part of the Township of Tyrone north of the Bull Valley Road at the Warehouse of Grover C. Myers, at Gardner's Station in said township.

In the Thirty-seventh district composed of that part of the Township of Huntington north of the Oxford Road at the Public School House in Idaville in said township.

In the Thirty-eighth district, composed of Mountpleasant No. 2, at the Engine House in Mt. Rock, in said township.

In the Thirty-ninth district, composed of Mountpleasant No. 3, at the residence of J. J. Staub, in Bonneauville, in said township.

In the Fortieth district, composed of Hamiltonban No. 2, at the Summer House of Mrs. Annie Kepner in said township.

Every person, except Justices of the Peace, who shall hold any office or appointment of profit or trust under the government of the United States, or of this state or of any city or incorporated district, whether a commissioned officer or otherwise, a subordinate officer or agent, who is or shall be employed under the Legislative, Executive or Judiciary department of this state or of the United States or of any city or incorporated district, and also that every member of Congress and of the State Legislature and of the select or common council of any city or commissioner, of any incorporated district is, by law, incapable of holding or exercising at the same time the office or appointment of judge, inspector or clerk of any election of this Commonwealth, and that no inspector, judge or other officer, of any such election shall be eligible to any office to be then voted for, except that of an election officer.

Given under my hand and seal at my office in the borough of Gettysburg, County of Adams, State of Pennsylvania, 20th day of October, in the year of our Lord, one thousand nine hundred and fourteen and in the one hundred and thirty-seventh year of the Independence of the United States.

G. R. THOMPSON, Sheriff. SEAL

NewspaperARCHIVE®
NewspaperARCHIVE®

NEW DIRECTORY OF ADAMS COUNTY

Our representatives wear this badge.

The publishers of the old reliable FARM JOURNAL of Philadelphia, are preparing to publish the Illustrated DIRECTORY OF ADAMS COUNTY, giving the name, post-office, rural route, and telephone connection of every farmer, business man, and householder in the county, all arranged alphabetically, and a classified BUSINESS DIRECTORY, including all business houses in the county, arranged under the proper headings.

With the Directory is given a complete ROAD MAP of the county, with every road NUMBERED to show the exact location of each farm, as given in the Directory.

This Directory will contain many interesting PICTURES of well-known farmers and business men of the county, fine farms, thoroughbred stock, churches and public institutions, schools and pupils, etc.

The names and necessary information are being secured by PERSONAL CANVASS of all houses and business places, and of the 3752 farms in the county. This Directory and Road Map are so useful and interesting that from our experience in other counties we can guarantee that the Directory will go into at least TWO THOUSAND HOMES OF ADAMS COUNTY, where it will be constantly used by farmers and business men for the next five years.

The Farm Journal Directories are an immense improvement over directories, containing what most publications do not give. Beside all the usual formation, they give the names, addresses, telephone connection, and other important information about FARMERS, secured by PERSONAL CANVASS from each farmer himself. This canvass of country districts is so costly that most directory publishers cannot afford to make it, and ordinary lists of farmers published are in nearly all cases merely copied from official lists.

The classified BUSINESS DIRECTORY includes every business house in the county, whether in city or country. In other directories the names of houses in cities and large towns only are given.

These features with the ROAD Map, makes the Farm Journal Directory an indispensable hand-book for every live farmer and business man in the county.

If you are not sure that correct information about your farm or business has been given to one of our canvassers, please send it direct to our main office.

WILMER ATKINSON COMPANY,
Publishers of Farm Journal,
Washington Square, Philadelphia.

The Kind of Jewelry YOU WANT

is the guaranteed kind—the kind we carry always in stock.

It's our business policy to carry only the jewelry that we can feel sure of—jewelry that, being guaranteed to us, we can guarantee to you.

No matter what you want in jewelry particularly if it is the nationally advertised kind and guaranteed by Good Housekeeping Magazine, we have it. Come in and let us show you our complete line of reasonably-priced

Guaranteed Jewelry

PENROSE MYERS

Watchmaker and Jeweler — Baltimore Street

Several Second Hand Automobiles

for Sale

AND 3 SECOND HAND MOTORCYCLES

All in good shape.

Persons desiring to buy second hand machine should do well to examine these cars.

Either five passenger or two passenger cars--as desired.

CENTRAL AUTO COMPANY

54 York Street, Gettysburg, Pa.

DR. FARRNEY'S TEETHING SYRUP

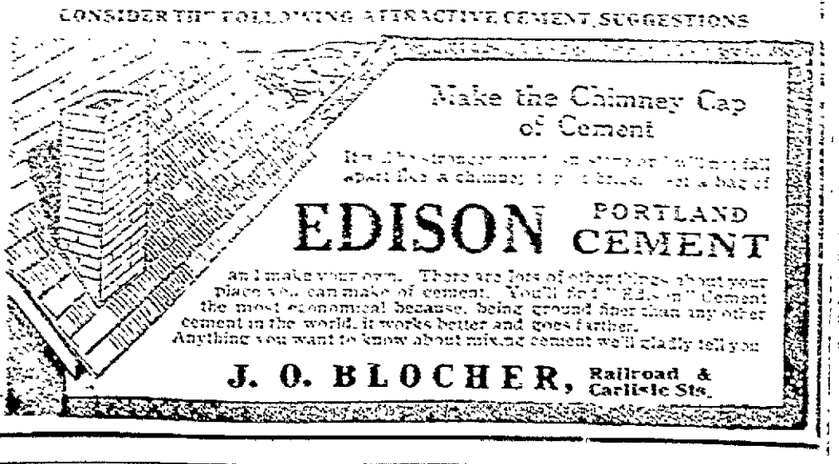
[illegible]

LETS BABY SLEEP ALL NIGHT.

Are You Getting Ready to Build?

[illegible] let us supply the [illegible] Building Slate, Ferro Roofing, Patent Wall Plaster, Dealers in COAL, WOOD and BUILDERS' FINISH

CONSIDER THE FOLLOWING ATTRACTIVE CEMENT SUGGESTIONS



Make the Chimney Cap of Cement

[illegible]

EDISON PORTLAND CEMENT

and make your own. There are lots of other things about your place you can make of cement. You'll find "Edison" Cement the most economical because, being ground finer than any other cement in the world, it works better and goes further. Anything you want to know about making cement we'll gladly tell you.

J. O. BLOCHER, Railroad & Carlisle Sts.

Boies Penrose's Record

It Shows He Has Been a Standard Oil Agent, a Servant of Special Privileges and a Foe to the Farmer and the Working Man

Feb. 20, 1900.	He took the confidential report of the United States Industrial Commission which was investigating Standard Oil and secretly sent it to the Standard Oil Company so they could pass on it before it was sent to Congress and made public.
Oct. 19, 1904.	Standard Oil gave Penrose a check for $25,000 and Penrose thanked them for it.
May 23, 1908.	Penrose voted against the direct election of United States Senators.
March 3, 1910.	Penrose voted for the financial interests in their attempt to grab special privileges in the postal savings bank system.
May 16, 1910.	Penrose voted for the railroad combine in its attempt to strangle the Interstate Commerce Commission, which was giving a square deal to the people against the railroads.
Feb. 2, 1911.	Penrose voted on every roll call for the ship subsidy bill which was demanded by the steamship combine.
Feb. 28, 1911.	Penrose again voted against the direct election of United States Senators.
March 1, 1911.	Penrose voted for Lorimer, the corrupt Illinois boss who was expelled from the Senate because the Senate found that his election "reeks and teems with the evidence of a general scheme of corruption."
June 12, 1911.	Penrose again voted against the direct election of United States Senators.
July 22, 1911.	Penrose voted for the Canadian Reciprocity bill which was not a free trade bill for farm products, but a high tariff bill on trust products.
Jan. 31, 1912.	Penrose refused to vote for the Children's Bureau bill, which was aimed to help children who work.
March 27, 1912.	Penrose voted for Stephenson of Wisconsin, charged with almost unlimited use of funds in an effort to "buy" a seat in the United States Senate.
May 6, 1912.	Penrose refused to vote for the Workmen's Compensation bill.
May 31, 1912.	Penrose refused to vote for the eight hour day for laborers employed by the United States government.
June 13, 1912.	Penrose again voted for Lorimer, when the final vote came to expel the Illinois boss from the United States Senate.
Aug. 9, 1912.	Penrose voted to allow the railroad combine to hog the benefits of the Panama Canal.
Aug. 13, 1912.	Penrose voted against allowing the postoffice employes to affiliate with the American Federation of Labor.
Aug. 16, 1912.	Penrose voted against allowing American coastwise ships free passage through the Panama Canal.
Aug. 21, 1912.	Penrose refused to vote for the bill prohibiting corporations from making campaign expenses. (Remember in regard to this vote that in 1904 Standard Oil gave Penrose $25,000.)
Jan. 12, 1913.	Penrose voted for Robert W. Archbald, a corrupt Scranton judge, who had been impeached and dragged from the bench because he was found guilty of using his position as judge for his own profit.
Feb. 25, 1913.	Penrose voted for the liquor interests on the Webb bill which was aimed to prevent shipment of liquor into "dry" territory.
March 2, 1913.	Penrose refused to vote for a bill improving the working conditions of seamen. The steamship combine was against this bill.

SPECIAL
For End of This Month

$2.50 Boy's High-Top Shoes, ten inch; strap and buckle. Sizes 3 to 6, solid leather. Guaranteed to wear. Special $1.95

$5.00 Boy's All-Wool Blue Serge Norfolk Suits, pants lined; sizes 10 to 18. Special $3.90

50c Men's Heavy Fleece Underwear. Special . . 39c

$2.50 Fine Ribbed Corduroy Pants, lined. Special $1.98

$5.00 Men's Slip-on Raincoats. Special . . . $3.90

Heavy Canvas Gloves. Special, 3 pairs for . 25c

Sweaters regular 75c to $5.75. Special, 39c to $3.90

We can give you better Shoes for $1.48 and $1.98 than any where else. Give us a trial.

We have more specials but no more space to mention them. Come and see us.

LEWIS E. KIRSTIN
Gettysburg's Bargain Store

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE

Notice is hereby given that letters of administration on the estate of Frances Marian Smith, late of Liberty township, Adams county, Pa., deceased, have been granted to the undersigned and all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment and those having claims to present them properly authenticated for settlement.

CHARLES F. SMITH,
Administrator.
Emmitsburg, Md.

Or G. J. Benner, Esq., Atty.

EXECUTORS' NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that letters testamentary on the estate of Jacob Murren, late of Mt. Pleasant township, Adams county, Pa., deceased, have been granted to the undersigned and all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment and those having claims to present them properly authenticated for settlement.

EDWARD MURREN,
Hanover R. 5.
WILLIAM MURREN,
Centennial. Executors.

Cost More—Worth Most

"Waverly" Oils and Gasolines

Gasolines—Illuminants—Lubricants—Wax—Specialties

Waverly Oil Works Co. Pittsburgh

Watch "Harper's Weekly"

This is Norman Hapgood—Editor

PRESIDENT WILSON'S LETTER

ON DEMOCRACY'S ACCOMPLISHMENTS IN CONGRESS

American People Would Not Set Clock Back by Change of Parties Now.

The White House,
Washington, Oct. 17, 1914.

My Dear Mr. Underwood:

I cannot let this session of congress close without expressing my warm admiration for the fidelity and intelligence with which the program outlined in April and December of last year has been carried out, and my feeling that the people of the country have been served by the members of this congress as they have seldom, if ever, been served before. The program was a great one, and it is a matter of deep satisfaction to think of the way in which it has been handled.

It had several distinct parts and many items, but, after all, a single purpose, namely, to destroy private control and set business free. That purpose was manifest enough in the case of the tariff and in the legislation affecting trusts; but, though perhaps less evident upon the surface there, it lay at the very heart of the currency bill, too. May I not add, even though it lies outside the field of legislation, that that, and that chiefly, has been the object of the foreign policy of the government during the last eighteen months?

Private control had shown its sinister face on every hand in America, had shown it for a long time, and sometimes very brazenly, in the trusts and in a virtual domination of credit by small groups of men. The safest hiding place and covert of such control was in the tariff. There it for a long time hid very shrewdly. The tariff was a very complicated matter; none but experts thoroughly understood its schedules. Many of the schedules were framed to afford particular advantages to special groups of manufacturers and investors. That was the soil in which trade combinations of manufacturers most readily grew, and most rankly. High prices did not spring directly out of the tariff. They sprang out of the suppression of domestic, no less than of foreign, competition by means of combinations and trade agreements which could be much more easily contrived and maintained under the protection of a high tariff than without it. The European war came before the withdrawal of this much-coveted opportunity for monopoly could show its full effects and active competition bring prices to their normal level again; but it is clear enough already that the reduction of the tariff, the simplification of its schedules so as to cut away the jungle in which secret agencies had so long lurked, the correction of its inequalities, and its thorough recasting with the single honest object of revenue, were an indispensable first step to restablishing competition.

TARIFF LOBBY

The present congress has taken that step with courage, sincerity, and effectiveness. The lobby by which some of the worst features of the old tariff had been maintained was driven away by the mere pitiless turning on of the light. The principle was adopted that each duty levied was to be tested by the inquiry whether it was put at such a figure and levied in such a manner as to provoke competition. The soil in which combinations had grown was removed lest some of the seeds of monopoly might be found to remain in it. The thing had needed to be done for a long time, but nobody had ventured before to undertake it in systematic fashion.

The panic that the friends of privilege had predicted did not follow. Business has already adjusted itself to the new conditions with singular ease and elasticity, because the new conditions are in fact more normal than the old. The revenue lost by the import duties was replaced by an income tax which in part shifted the burden of taxation from the shoulders of every consumer in the country, great or small, to shoulders more certainly able to bear it.

We [illegible] time [illegible] from the actual [illegible] of the law that the revenues [illegible] the [illegible] change [illegible] the [illegible] every [illegible] the [illegible] ends [illegible] active [illegible] relief [illegible] total [illegible] such [illegible] war [illegible] of [illegible] cutting off the imports [illegible] war tax, though we are not at war [illegible] and only war is the cause of it.

It is fortunate that the reduction of the duties came first. The import duties collected under the old tariff constituted a much larger proportion of the whole revenue of the government than do the duties under the new. A still larger proportion of the revenue would have been cut off by the war had the old taxes stood, and a larger war tax would have been necessary as a consequence. No miscalculation, no lack of foresight, has created the necessity for the taxes, but only a great catastrophe world-wide in its operation and effects.

KILL MONOPODY IN SEED

With similar purpose and in a like temper the congress has sought, in the trade-commission bill and in the Clayton bill, to make men in a small way of business as free to succeed as men in a big way, and to kill monopoly in the seed. Before these bills were passed the law was already clear enough that monopolies once formed were illegal and could be dissolved by direct process of law and those who had created them punished as for crime. But there was no law to check the process by which monopoly was built up until the tree was full grown and its fruit developed, or, at any rate until the full opportunity for monopoly had been created. With this new legislation there is clear and sufficient law to check and destroy the noxious growth in its infancy. Monopolies are built up by unfair methods of competition, and the new trade commission has power to forold and prevent unfair competition, whether upon a big scale or upon a little; whether just begun or grown old and formidable. Monopoly is created also by putting the same men in charge of a variety of business enterprises, whether apparently related or unrelated to one another, by means of interlocking directorates. That the Clayton bill now in large measure prevents. Each enterprise must depend upon its own initiative and effectiveness for success, and upon the intelligence and business energy of the men who officer it. And so all along the line: Monopoly is to be cut off at the roots.

Incidentally, justice has been done the laborer. His labor is no longer to be treated as if it were merely an inanimate object of commerce disconnected from the fortunes and happiness of a living human being, to be dealt with as an object of sale and barter. But that, great as it is, is hardly more than the natural and inevitable corollary of a law whose object is individual freedom and initiative as against any kind of private domination.

The accomplishment of this legislation seems to me a singularly significant thing. If our party were to be called upon to name the particular point of principle in which it differs from its opponents most sharply and in which it feels itself most definitely sustained by experience, we should no doubt say that it was this: That we would have no dealings with monopoly, but reject it altogether; while our opponents were ready to adopt it into the realm of law, and seek merely to regulate it and moderate it in its operation. It is our purpose to destroy monopoly and maintain competition as the only effectual instrument of business liberty.

POWER OF MONOPOLY

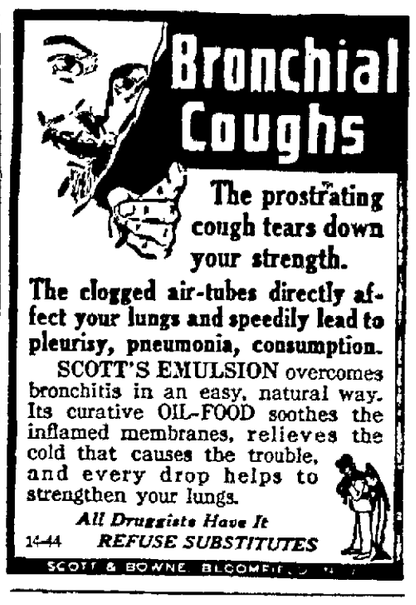
We have seen the nature and the power of monopoly exhibited. We know that if is more apt to control government than to be controlled by it; for we have seen it control government, dictate legislation, and dominate executives and courts. We feel that our people are safe only in the fields of free individual endeavor where American genius and initiative are not guided by a few men as in recent years, but made rich by the activities of a multitude, as in days now almost forgotten. We will not consent that an ungovernable giant should be reared to full stature in the very household of the government itself.

In like manner by the currency bill we have created a democracy of credit such as has never existed in this country before. For a generation or more we have known and admitted that we had the worst banking and currency system in the world because the [illegible] of our currency was [illegible] that in [illegible] Wall Street [illegible] certain [illegible] of [illegible] other [illegible] not [illegible] We needed [illegible] we needed [illegible] the [illegible] the [illegible] of the [illegible] these [illegible] every [illegible] and [illegible] to be [illegible] and stronger [illegible] but [illegible] effective steps to change it until the present [illegible] gress addressed itself to the task with [illegible] resolution and an intelligence which expressed itself in definite action. And now the thing is done.

Let me here explain the technical features of the new system. Suffice it here to say that it provides a currency which expands as it is needed, and contracts when it is not needed; a currency which comes into existence in response to the call of every man who can show a going business and a concrete basis for extending credit to him, however obscure or prominent he may be, however big or little his business transactions.

More than that, the power to direct this system of credits is put into the hands of a public board of disinterested officers of the government itself who can make no money out of any-

(Continued on page 5.)



NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

WILSON URGES BUSINESS PEACE

President Endorses Palmer as Friend of Industry.

LABORED FOR STATE'S GOOD

Correspondence Shows Palmer Aided Manufacturers Where Penrose Had Failed—Philadelphians Convinced.

Philadelphia, Pa., Oct. 31.

President Woodrow Wilson, in a remarkable call to independent Republicans, addressed in a letter to Powell Evans, of the firm of Merchant & Evans, of Philadelphia, has given his warm personal endorsement to the candidacy of A. Mitchell Palmer for United States senator. He also made a convincing appeal to those business men who abhor Penroseism, but fear Democratic economic policies, by showing that the problem of business reconstruction through legislation, is now completed, and that the manufacturers and business men of Pennsylvania may expect full co-operation on the part of the Democratic administration and congress, in adjusting themselves to the new conditions and in correcting any injustice that hampers their activities.

The president's letter refers to an exchange of letters between Mr. Evans and Chairman Roland S. Morris, of the Democratic state committee, in which Congressman Palmer's activity in behalf of Pennsylvania's manufacturers, in the construction of the new tariff law, and his successful influence in the house, is contrasted with Senator Penrose's failure to accomplish the same end in the senate. The famous "dumping clause," drafted by Congressman Palmer, to protect Pennsylvania's business men, is one instance of their activity.

The president's letter is as follows:

"My Dear Mr. Evans:—

"My friend, Roland S. Morris, has shown me your letter to him of Oct. 9 and his reply. The correspondence interests me so much that I am going to take the liberty—I hope that neither you nor he will think it an unwarrantable liberty—of adding a word or two of my own to what he has written.

"The situation is just this: The constructive legislation which for the past two decades the opinion of the country has demanded, and which political parties have vied with each other in promising in one form or another, has now been enacted. That program is practically completed. Until the present European war is over and normal conditions have been restored it will not be possible to determine how readily or how completely the business of the country has adjusted itself to the new conditions. When that is clear, instrumentalities already created will be ready and in operation which will show just where the laws are working in harmony with the facts and where they are not.

"Meanwhile, and for a long time to come, legislative questions will be questions of progress, of suiting means to new ends, of facilitating business and using to the utmost the resources of the country in the vast development of our business and our enterprise, which, I, think, has but just begun. In such circumstances, what sort of man do you wish to have represent you in the United States senate—a man who wishes to hark back to the old conditions, but cannot; a man who can, possibly, obstruct, but who can do nothing more, or a man with the zest and vision of a new age, a man full of the spirit of Pennsylvania as she is going to be? Is it not a matter of principle and of quality? Should you not have a man of high principle, not only, but a man with his face toward the future, ready to help make things, and not merely trying blindly to prevent things which cannot be prevented? If Pennsylvania wishes to be adequately represented in the great enterprises of the new age of free endeavor, Pennsylvanians can hardly, I should think, hesitate in making their choice of a senator.

"I have seen Mr. Palmer tested. I know his quality. Pennsylvania ought to accept and trust him and through him play her proper part in the constructive policies of a new generation. They will stumble if they walk forever with their heads over their shoulders. Men of your sort will, I am sure, be the last to do that.

(Signed) "WOODROW WILSON."

POWELL EVANS ASKS QUESTIONS

Opposes Penrose, Admires Palmer and Seeks Information.

Mr. Evans' letter to Chairman Morris, which was the occasion of President Wilson's letter, is as follows:

"Philadelphia, Oct. 9, 1914.

"Mr. Roland S. Morris, Chairman,
Democratic State Committee,
Land Title Bldg., Philadelphia.

"My Dear Mr. Morris:—

"There are many independent Republicans who feel quite unable to vote for Senator Penrose, because of his gang affiliations and his record on everything but the tariff. There are further many independent Republicans who, while not objecting to Dr. Brumbaugh personally, do not like the way he straddled the above issue. Many of these men, I believe, do not consider that Mr. Pinchot, either in his political affiliations or in his touch with the state and the intrests of its people, is a suitable candidate for the senate. What is left is a clean ticket, viz: the present state Democratic ticket.

"On the other hand, trade, commerce and manufacture represent the heart's blood of the life of this great community, and the Democratic party at present is thought by many to be in such discord with the interests of Pennsylvania that it is almost impossible unless it affords some reasonable avenue of relief to deliberately vote for its candidates. No reasonable, intelligent and honest man objects to much that the party has done during the past two years; many of us wanted many of these very things done; but in certain vital matters the party has gone farther than the conditions or necessities of the country warrant. In some respects many believe it was wrong in passing the Clayton bill, even in its final form as now announced. It certainly went too far with respect to the present tariff. Yet the Democratic party is committed to this tariff which it has passed and must uphold.

"Would not your candidates in this state issue at this time, however, at least agree to support a proposal that through some means the tariff will be examined critically in the near future, and where reasonable correction is justified, that it be corrected? In other words, would your candidates in this state issue be willing to propose to stand behind the proposal that some committee of congress, government bureau or commission in some form begin a technical and fair examination of the tariff situation in this country, schedule for schedule, particularly with respect to those industries that have been really injured by this last new tariff; and, further, with particular respect to those necessities in this country not now produced here which the recent European war has shown we must produce to be independent, and in the main have not been produced because foreign conditions and our tariff heretofore has made them economically the product of foreign nations?

"If your candidates would take this enlightened and liberal attitude with respect to an examination and reasonable support of tariff corrections that the interests of the state needs, I believe you would bring to your standards the cream of the independent Republican vote at this time, because such an attitude would relieve them of the great enonomic stress under which they are living at present, and would enable them to support a clean set of men in an effort to politically rehabilitate this state, and, perhaps, following it, to continue the rehabilitation of this city.

"Yours very truly,

(Signed) "POWELL EVANS."

CHAIRMAN MORRIS ANSWERS QUESTIONS

Shows Palmer's Activity and Influence For Pennsylvania at Washington.

Chairman Roland S. Morris' reply to Mr. Evans was as follows:

"Oct. 14, 1914.

"My Dear Mr. Evans:—

"Your letter of the 9th instant received. I think with you that in the minds of independent Republicans the issue made of the record of Senator Penrose is settled. We have proven our case, and the independent citizen now admits the truth of every charge made against his official and political career. The only doubt as to whether this will encompass his defeat lies in the uncertainty as to whether his continuance in the senate, despite all the objections to his past conduct, is necessary to assure that feeling of business security and confidence, the lack of which may create conditions unfortunate for the welfare and prosperity of our people.

"An examination of Representative Palmer's course in congress ought to convince the business men of Pennsylvania that they may safely turn to him to accomplish the end of Penroseism and at the same time be certain of such representation in the senate as will accord with the best purpose of the really progressive men engaged in industry, both employer and employed, in our state. He is not a protectionist, of course; neither is he a radical in tariff revision. He defends the Underwood tariff bill, in whose making he played an important part. He believes it as fair, on the whole, as any tariff law ever written, and that the country would never forsake it to return to the old Payne rates. Still, it is proper that his future course in the senate should be judged not alone by the Underwood bill, but by the efforts he individually made to shape it during its passage. Take, for instance, his course in connection with the so-called "dumping clause." He drafted this provision, devised to prevent foreign producers from dumping their surplus products into the American market below home prices, a species of unfair competition bitterly complained of by Pennsylvania manufacturers, and which Mr. Palmer believes to destroy the very purpose of a real competitive tariff.

"He was strong enough to have this clause engrafted in the bill as it left the house, after a bitter fight, in which extreme free-traders denounced him as a protectionist. To be sure, it went out in the senate, for you will recall that the senate in this tariff revision was more radical than the house for the first time in the country's history. Senator Penrose offered the Palmer dumping clause as an amendment in the senate, but it was rejected. Mr. Palmer, in the majority in the house, passed it. Mr. Penrose, in the minority in the senate, lost it. Is there not a lesson to be drawn from this circumstance, so significant of the power that Mr. Palmer could wield as a member of the senate?

"Undoubtedly, time and changing conditions, such as those induced by the European war, may call for changes in the tariff law. To these principles the Democratic party has committed itself, both by the speech of its leaders and by legislative action. Mr. Underwood and Mr. Palmer both declared on the floor of the house that there might be instances of hardship in the bill which time would show the necessity of correcting. With this idea in mind, there was established the bureau of foreign and domestic commerce, endowed with all the powers of the tariff commission of 1909. That bureau is ably officered and is engaged right now in the collection and tabulation of information upon which to base suggestions of changes in certain items and schedules in the tariff law, to be submitted to the ways and means committee of the house for action. Business development is too rapid in this country and the changes too swift and sudden to reasonably expect a tariff entirely equitable today to be equally so tomorrow.

"Mr. Palmer is a business man himself. For fifteen years a national bank director, actively interested in several lines of manufacture in his home town, he has had the usual broad experience of the highly successful country lawyer who is generally found to be the leader in all local activities. He represents a great industrial district. He has represented it longer than any of his predecessors, and it is no secret that he might have continued to represent it had he not chosen the harder task of ridding the state of the blight of misrepresentation cast upon it by the methods and policies of Senator Penrose, if not by the principles for which he is supposed to stand. Mr. Palmer's increasing majorities in his home district are striking evidence of the confidence reposed in him by the intelligent people of his district. He is in touch and in sympathy with the progress of the times. He is a young man, a part, and indeed a powerful factor, in the creation of the new regime of men of whom President Wilson is the leader, a regime whose work has already been so far accomplished that the end of the program is clearly in sight, and under whom the country was about to go forward to great achievement in social, economic and industrial development, when this awful war in Europe suddenly fell upon us. I think you may safely conclude that the men capable of accomplishing what has so far been done, are equally capable of coping with this new crisis in the world's affairs.

"With best regards, I am

"Very sincerely yours,

(Signed) "ROLAND S. MORRIS."

Americans In Ireland.

Dublin, the capital, is as distinctly different from Belfast as Washington is from Pittsburgh, for Dublin has few industrial plants and is a hotbed of politics. It has many historic spots, fine monuments, wide streets, a splendid university, a fine castle and a cathedral where the famous Dean Swift occupied the pulpit for years. Cork, too, is a pleasant city with a style distinctly its own, and here the American feels at home. It seems that half the residents there have friends or relatives in the United States, and one is continually hearing stories of these friends. The majority of the Irish who return to Ireland seem to open up a business in Cork, for I counted no less than a dozen shops on Patrick street with the word "American" attached to their signs. There was an American haberdasher, an American book store, an American photographic studio and an American lace store. One of the best places to see the native of southern Ireland is at "Paddy's Market," a sort of huge second-hand store set up in the open street in Cork.—Mrs. C. R. Miller in Leslie's.

Music of the Chinese.

Chinese music does not entirely lack admirers among occidentals. There are, it appears, trained musicians of our own kind who seriously profess uncertainty whether the Chinese have not really advanced beyond us in music.

One authority has pointed out that the Chinese were the first in the history of music to develop a system of octaves, a circle of fifths and various other harmonical technics, and these in the days when our ancestors had not even evolved the simplest forms of melody. While no one has apparently contended that we shall finally arrive at an understanding of and a liking for something that shall approach the Chinese "harmonious discords," there are not wanting those who claim to have discovered among the musicians and lovers of music a steadily increasing sensitiveness to harmonies the existence of which was formerly unknown.—Washington Star.

Meaning of the Green Bough.

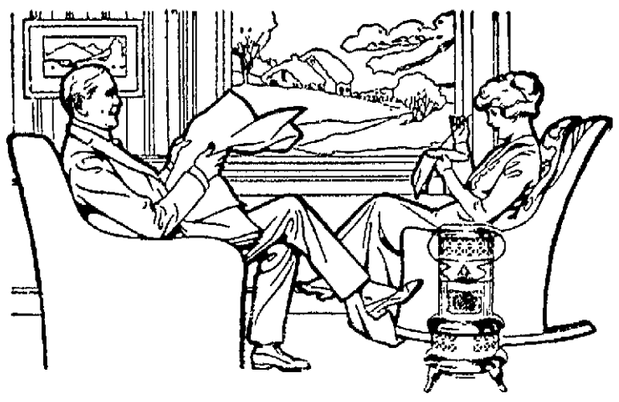
The custom of placing a green bough on the roof of a newly built house is not confined to Germany, but was adopted by the French Canadians, who brought it with them from Brittany. The custom originated from the superstition prevalent centuries ago that every tree is inhabited by a spirit; consequently it was believed that every time a tree was felled another spirit was dispossessed, and this was supposed to cause some bitterness on his part against society. Rather than risk having these homeless and disgruntled spirits vent their ill feeling upon the houses under construction or upon the builders a branch was planted on the highest part of the house for their occupancy. They were then supposed to be mollified, and if they remained so until the roof was put on any evil design contemplated would prove harmless, for the spell would be broken.

Brazil Found by Accident.

Amerigo Vespucci made the first map of Brazil, although only of the coast line, and it was the publication of this map that led to the fixing of the name of the new world. Brazil itself was revealed to Europeans in 1500 by an accident—the drifting out of its course of a Portuguese expedition. The country indirectly owes its modern advancement to Napoleon. To escape from the conqueror King John of Portugal fled to his dominions in America and, believing Portugal lost to the royal family, set about putting Brazil upon a civilized basis by throwing open its ports to the whole world.

A Bit of Forestry.

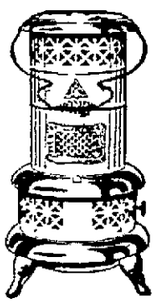
"Do you know how to tell a hard wood tree from a soft wood tree?" said a forester. "I'll tell you how to do it, and the rule holds good not only here among our familiar pines and walnuts, but in the antipodes among the strangest banyans, baobabs and whatnots. Soft wood trees have needle leaves, slim, narrow, almost uniform in breadth. If you don't believe me consult the pine, the spruce or the fir. Hard wood trees have broad leaves of various shape—the oak, the ebony, the walnut, the mahogany and so on."



EXTRA HEAT, JUST WHEN YOU NEED IT

WITH a Perfection Smokeless Oil Heater in the house you are safeguarded when accidents happen to your heating system. Cold snaps have no terror for you, either—for the Perfection supplies just the extra heat needed to make bedroom, bathroom and sitting room warm and comfortable.

PERFECTION SMOKELESS OIL HEATER



Perfection heaters are portable, heat quickly and are smokeless and odorless. At hardware and furniture dealers everywhere. Look for the Triangle trademark.

THE ATLANTIC REFINING COMPANY
Philadelphia Pittsburgh

A SPECIAL SALE OF

Women's Shoes

150 to 200 pairs of broken lots at

$1.48 and $1.60

All these goods were originally $2.00, $2.50 and $3.00. On tables for your convenience.

Eckert's Store

"On the Square"

Open Monday and Saturday Evenings

Farmers : and : Stockmen

Get Your Stock in Condition for Summer Work.

The careful ones always feed some good Food and Regulator.

We carry nothing but the guaranteed brands and they also carry with each package our store guarantee, **"Absolute Satisfaction"** or your money refunded, our brands are The Standard, The Prussian and Pratts, in assorted sizes.

PEOPLES DRUG STORE

Rexall A. D. S. Vinol Victrola

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that letters testamentary on the estate of Charlotte Rife, late of Hamiltonban township, Adams county, Pa., deceased, have been granted to the undersigned and all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment and those having claims to present them properly authenticated for settlement.

CHRISTIAN MUSSELMAN,
Milnor, Pa.

Or his Atty.,
W. J. Patton, Esq.,
Greencastle, Pa.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE

Estate of George A. Sheafer, late of Borough of Gettysburg, Adams county, Pa., deceased.—Letters testamentary on the last will and testament of said decedent having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims or demands against the same will present them without delay for settlement to the undersigned.

J. HARRY HOLTZWORTH,
Gettysburg,

Or his Atty., Executor.
J. L. Hill, Esq.

Professional Cards

J. Donald Swope
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, GETTYSBURG, PA.
Office Crawford Building, Balto. St.

Chas. B. Stouffer, D.D.S
DENTIST, GETTYSBURG, PA.
Office Second Floor of Star and Sentinel Building, Balto. St.

John D. Keith
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, GETTYSBURG, PA.
Office First National Bank Building, Centre Square.

S. S. Neely
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, GETTYSBURG, PA.
Office in Star and Sentinel Building, 2nd Floor, Balto. St., over Cash Store.

Charles E. Stable
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, GETTYSBURG, PA.
Office in First National Bank Building, Centre Square. All legal business entrusted to him will receive prompt and careful attention.

Wm. McSherry, Jr.
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, GETTYSBURG, PA.
Will carefully and promptly attend to all legal business entrusted to him. Office on Balto. St., opposite Court House.

Donald P. McPherson
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, GETTYSBURG, PA.
Office second floor of Star and Sentinel Building, Baltimore St. Will promptly attend to all legal business entrusted to him.

Wm. McClean Late Pres. Judge. Wm. Arch. McClean

Wm. & Wm. Arch. McClean
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW, GETTYSBURG, PA.
Law offices in Compiler Building, Balto. Street, a few doors above Court House on opposite side of street.

J. L. Williams
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, GETTYSBURG, PA.
Collections and all legal business promptly attended to. Office in First National Bank Building, Centre Square.

Wm. Bersh
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, GETTYSBURG, PA.
Will carefully and promptly attend to all legal business entrusted to him. Office opposite the Court House.

J. L. Butt
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, GETTYSBURG, PA.
Collections and all legal business promptly attended to. Office in First National Bank Building, Centre Square.

WILSON'S REMEDY

EFFICIENT IN BRONCHITIS, CONSUMPTION, ASTHMA, CATARRH, GRIPPE, STUBBORN COUGHS, ETC.

From a Minister in New York: "I was severely ill with lung trouble. My attention was directed to the Wilson Remedy which I used with splendid effect."

From a lady in Michigan: "I used your medicine first 43 or 44 years ago and it saved me from ending my days with consumption. There would be no use of so many people dying with consumption if they could be persuaded to try Wilson's Remedy."

If you are suffering from ANY lung or throat trouble it is your duty to myself to care. Send for free full information to

Wilson's Remedy, Westwood, N. J.

Constipation

"For many years I was troubled, in spite of all so-called remedies I used. At last I found quick relief and cure in those mild, yet thorough and really wonderful

DR. KING'S New Life Pills

Adolph Schingeck, Buffalo, N. Y.

25 CENTS PER BOTTLE AT ALL DRUGGISTS

GETTYSBURG MARBLE & GRANITE WORKS

NORTH OF READING FREIGHT DEPOT.

We can furnish anything desirable in the Monumental line. Monuments, Headstones, Markers, Posts, etc. in Granite and Marble of the best material finely finished and at reasonable prices. It will be to the advantage of those contemplating the erection of a memorial to departed friends, to call and examine our stock, workmanship and prices before placing an order.

L. H. MEALS, Prop.

Whittemore's Shoe Polishes

FINEST QUALITY LARGEST VARIETY

"GILT EDGE," the only ladies' shoe dressing that positively contains Oil. Blacks, Polishes and Preserves ladies' and children's shoes, shines without rubbing, 25c. "FRENCH GLOSS," 10c.

"STAR" combination for cleaning and polishing all kinds of russet or tan shoes, 10c. "DANDY" size, 25c.

"QUICK WHITE" (in liquid form with sponge) quickly cleans and whitens dirty canvas shoes. 10c. & 25c.

"ALBO" cleans and whitens BUCK, NUBUCK, SUEDE, and CANVAS SHOES. In round white cakes packed in zinc boxes, with sponge, 10c. In handsome, large aluminum boxes, with sponge, 25c.

If your dealer does not keep the kind you want, send the price in stamps for full size package, charges paid.

WHITTEMORE BROS. & CO.,
20-26 Albany Street, Cambridge, Mass.
The Oldest and Largest Manufacturers of Shoe Polishes in the World.

NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®

PUBLIC SALE

On FRIDAY, No. 6, 1914, the undersigned, administrator of the estate of Michael Kugler, late of the Borough of Fairfield, Adams county, Pa., deceased, and trustee to sell the real estate of said decedent by virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court of Adams County, will sell the following described real estate:

A LOT OF GROUND situate in the Borough of Fairfield, Adams county, Pa., fronting on Main street and adjoining lands of Michael Herring on the south and west and public road on the east, containing 1 acre, more or less, improved with a two-story frame house, stable and other necessary outbuildings, with good well of water at the porch and with fruits on the lot.

Sale to commence at 12.30 o'clock when attendance will be given and terms made known by

EMANUEL CLUCK.
Administrator and Trustee.

Also at the same time and place the undersigned, administrator of the estate of Susan Kugler, will sell the following personal property:

12 locust posts for wire fence, 12 ft. long, 2 cords of hickory wood ready for the stove, 1 cord of oak wood ready for the stove, 3 manure forks, also household and kitchen furniture consisting of ten plate stove and pipe, bed room suit, 3 bedsteads, 2 are single size, 3 bed springs, 2 are for single beds, also bedding consisting of 4 feather beds, 4 feather pillows, 8 sheets ticking and chaff bolsters, 4 chaff ticks, 2 counterpanes, 2 woolen bedspreads, 5 woolen blankets, 4 quilts, 4 comforts, 2 are for single beds, 1 large red coverlet, 11 short pillow cases, 3 long pillow cases, bureau, and cover, settee couch, nearly new, 8-day clock, 3 dozen linen table cloths, 6 small linen table cloths, 2 cotton table cloths, linen towels, 2 looking glasses, about 60 yds. of carpet including about 20 yds. of brussels carpet, rugs, 8 gallon jar, lard by the pound, potatoes by the bushel, part of a shoulder by the pound, crock of sausage, brass kettle, peck measure, oil cloth, zinc mat, lawn mower, cupboard, corner cupboard and combination sink and cupboard, hall and stair carpet, stair rods, window curtains, blinds and screens, set of cane seated chairs and rockers, 1 doz. plank bottom chairs, hair cloth rocker, 4 rocking chairs, clothes rack, water set, 2 lamps, 5 chair cushions, 3 tables, hat rack, stand, baskets, satchel, slop bucket, 4 tin buckets, pitcher, bowl and soap dish, bowl and pitcher, meat chopper, lot of dishes, queensware, glassware, etc., jugs, crocks, empty fruit jars, 75 jars of canned fruit consisting of apples, peaches, cherries and berries, 18 pts. of preserves, and jellies, one iron pot, coffee can and coffee, 2 gal. stone jar, 2 lard cans, 2 sad irons, tureens, side dishes, agate kettles, stew pans and skillet, and other articles too numerous to mention. Terms will be made known by

CHARLES RIFE
Administrator.

Bible Society Anniversary.

The Sixty-eighth Anniversary of the Woman's Bible Society of this place was celebrated with appropriate services in Christ Lutheran Church last Sunday evening. Rev. R. S. Oyler preached the sermon and Mrs. M. K. Eckert sang. Rev. F. E. Taylor read the reports of treasurer, secretary and librarian; a balance of $35.56 being in treasury. The officers of Society are. Pres., Mrs. Helena Keith; Sec., Miss Julia Gilbert; Treas., Miss Luella McAllister; Lib., Miss Anna Reck.

FOR SALE—One 7 H. P. upright steam engine in first class condition. For particulars apply to Gettysburg Light Co. o 17-3t

PUBLIC SALE
Saturday, Nov. 7, 1914

The undersigned intending to quit farming will sell at public sale at his residence in Straban township, one mile north of Hunterstown, the following personal property:

Four Head Horses and Mules

Consisting of 1 black mare rising 4 years old, a fine driver and worker, 1 bay horse 6 years old, good off-side worker, 1 pair of dark brown mules 10 years old, work wherever hitched.

Twenty Head of Cattle

Consisting of 13 milk cows, 6 are fresh now, the balance spring and summer cows; these cows consist of Durham and Holstein, a good bunch of dairy cows; 6 stock bulls, ranging in weight from 600 to 800 lbs., 1 heifer months old.

Thirty Head of Hogs

Consisting of 5 brood sows with pigs by their side, balance shoats ranging in weight from 40 to 60 lbs.

Farming Implements

Consisting of 2 wagons, 1 2-horse low down farm wagon the other a 2-horse Webstes wagon, 1 Osborne binder, good as new, 2 mowers in good condition, Superior grain drill only used two seasons, Deering hay rake, Sec harrow good as new, Perry spring harrow, 2 long plows, Boy's delight corn worker, spreader, triple, double and single trees, jockey sticks, breast, belt and cow chains, horse gears, 6 sets front gears, 2 sets of buggy harness, 60 bundles of corn fodder by the bundle, 10 tons of timothy hay by the ton and many other articles too numerous to mention. A credit of 12 months will be given on all sums of $5 and upwards. Sale to commence at 12 o'clock sharp.

G. A. RAFFENSPERGER.

R. Thompson, Auct.
J. G. Dietrick, Clerk.

Mr. Voter Think--Act

Would you give a little time to go to a given point to save your life or that of some one near to you? Will you go to the polls on Tuesday next, November 3rd and vote?

You know that President Wilson averted war with Mexico and kept this country at peace with the world. That action may have saved your life or that of some one near to you. That action further prevented untold hardships. Do you believe that President Wilson's course of peace with the world should be continued? If you do, you should go to the polls and vote for Mr. Brodbeck for Congress. He has stood by President Wilson in his policy in watchful waiting which meant peace for the United States. He stood by the President and assisted in legislation that placed our country in a position to care for it's citizens whose interests and in some cases lives were jeopardized by the awful war that is now going on in Europe which is costing the lives of hundreds of thousands of men; which is devastating countries; which is ruining homes; which is making wives widows and children fatherless

This, Mr. Voter, is an important election, so important that it is worth your while to give not only a little, but if necessary considerable time to go to the polls and vote, and remember when you do vote that President Wilson, the great American, the great President, the great Man, has acted for you; has acted for every American citizen in his successful efforts in preventing this country from being at war, and remember further that Mr. Brodbeck is a part of the legislative branch of the Government, and that in voting for him, you are voting to sustain our President in his future actions.

BE SURE AND VOTE ON NOVEMBER 3rd.

EXECUTOT'S NOTICE

Notice is hereby given that letters testamentary on the estate of Dr. J. F. Mackley, late of Fairfield Borough, Adams county, Pa., deceased, have been granted to the undersigned and all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment and those having claims to present them properly authenticated for settlement.

ANNIE MACKLEY.
Maytown,
Lancaster Co., Pa.,
Executrix.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE

Notice is hereby given that letters testamentary on the last will and testament of Harry Deardorff, late of Arendtsville, Adams county, Pa., having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims or demands against the same will present them without delay for settlement to the undersigned.

JOHN A. KNOUSE,
Executor.
Arendtsville, Pa
Or his Attys.,
Wm. & Wm. Arch. McClean.

McCORMICK FOR GOVERNOR

The people are going to vote for Vance C. McCormick for Governor.

Because they are tired of a Machine masquerading under the name of Republican.

Because they are tired of a Machine controlled by corporations, special interests, receiving donations from Standard Oil and Liquor Combinations.

Because they are tired of being painted to the world as "Corrupt and contented."

Because they know Vance C. McCormick stands for what is clean, honest and square in politics and government.

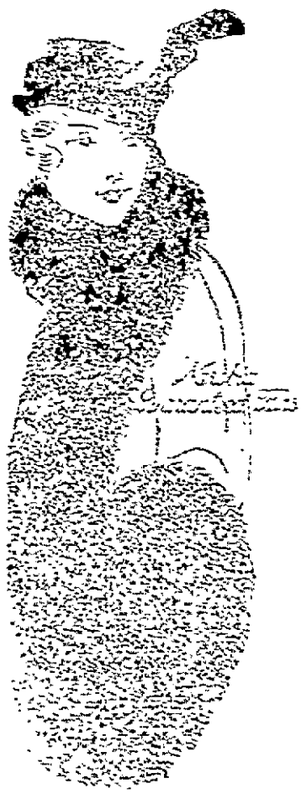
The people know this because Vance C. McCormick as Mayor of Harrisburg proved capable of giving a clean, square deal administration.

They want the State administration cleaned. They know Vance C. McCormick is capable of doing the cleaning and they are going to

Vote for Vance C. McCormick

G. W. WEAVER & SON

THE LEADERS



Just Arrived!

Narobia Guaranteed Furs

Rich, Lustrous and Durable.

THE fashionable woman can now procure super-lustrous, "silky-soft," fast-black Furs from which the top hair cannot "rub off" nor "fall out," at far below the price of Fox, Lynx, Wolf, ect. Here in this store we are showing Muffs, Neckpieces and Sets, cut in the delicate curves now in vogue, lined in selected satins, and especially "processed" to keep the top hair from shedding.

Narobia Guaranteed Furs

are staunchly stitched. The muff beds will not loosen or shed. They are a natural fur, guaranteed for color and wear. They are reasonable in price.

SOLD IN TOWN EXCLUSIVELY BY

G. W. Weaver & Son

Gettysburg, Pa.

Are you ready for the

HUNTING SEASON?

If you are planning a hunting trip for a day or a month, it will pay you to let us fit you out with proper equipment to insure a successful trip.

We carry in stock guns from all the leading manufacturers and we are always glad to show them.

I. C. Smith Hammerless	Remington Pump
Ithaca Hammerless	Tryon Hammerless
Baker Hammerless	Remington Rifle

We have shells suitable for all kinds of game, in U. M. C. Winchester and Robin Hood, fresh from the manufacturer, and we guarantee our prices on any quantity.

GETTYSBURG DEP'T STORE

The place to buy Sporting Goods

NewspaperARCHIVE®
NewspaperARCHIVE®

Gettysburg Compiler
Gettysburg, Pa.

WM. ARCH. McCLEAN..........Editor

SATURDAY, OCT. 31, 1914.

STATEMENT of the ownership and management of the Gettysburg COMPILER, published weekly at Gettysburg, Pa., required by the Act of August 24, 1912: Name of editor, managing editor, business manager and publisher, Wm. Arch. McClean; owner, Wm. Arch McClean; mortgagee, Citizens' Trust Company of Gettysburg; signed by Wm. Arch. McClean, editor, publisher, business manager and owner. Sworn and subscribed to before me this 28th day of Oct. 1914.
WM. L. MEALS,
Notary Public.
My commission expires March 25th, 1917.

DEMOCRATIC TICKET

United States Senator,
A. MITCHELL PALMER.

Governor,
VANCE C. McCORMICK.

Lieutenant Governor,
WILLIAM T. CREASY.

Secretary of Internal Affairs,
WILLIAM N. McNAIR.

Congressmen at Large,
ARTHUR B. CLARK
ROBERT S. BRIGHT
MARTIN JENNINGS CATON
CHARLES N. CROSBY

Congressman 20th Pa. District
ANDREW R. BRODBECK.

Legislature,
D. CALVIN RUDISILL.

NON PARTISAN JUDICIARY.

Supreme Court,
ROBERT S. FRAZER
GEORGE KUNKEL

Superior Court,
FRANK M. TREXLER
JAMES E. CLARK

$50,000 REWARD!

Palmer-McCormick Committee of One Hundred is authorized to offer the sum of $50,000 in rewards for the production of evidence leading to the arrest, conviction and imprisonment of any person who is guilty of ballot frauds at the election to be held Tuesday, November 3, 1914. All such evidence should be immediately reported to Headquarters of the Committee, No. 9 North Second Street, Harrisburg, Pa. Telephones: Bell, 2595 and 2596. Cumberland Valley, 518.

THE REWARDS WILL AVERAGE FROM $250 TO $1000, ACCORDING TO THE GRAVITY OF THE OFFENSE.

JOHN K. ROYAL,
Secretary.

VOTE!

The Penrose machine hopes that the men who believe in good government will stay away from the polls on November 3rd.

The only way to defeat the gang is to vote. Every vote counts. Make your vote count for good government, for good roads, for lower taxes, and AGAINST THE GANG, by going to the polls on November 3rd and voting for Palmer and McCormick and the Democratic ticket.

DO NOT FAIL TO VOTE!

UPHOLD PRESIDENT WILSON.

The Wilson Administration has not only earned a vote of confidence, but the vote should be emphatic enough to show the world at this critical period that the American people are upholding the hands of the President and that the country sustains him. A repudiated President is [illegible] at this time. It would be a national misfortune which would impair all the moral power of the United States when the hour comes for this country to exert its influence to re-establish the peace of the world.

Men may differ with the President about economic issues. They may differ with him about political issues. But there are few genuine Americans who differ with him in his attitude toward the gravest issue that has arisen in the history of modern civilization. And few thoughtful Americans can be found who would prefer that any other man in American public life should be at the head of the Nation in this crisis.

So far as a vote of confidence in the President is concerned, it is no partisan matter, even though that vote must be expressed through the Representatives in Congress of a particular party. No President has ever served the American people with a more single-minded devotion to duty and principle. No other President of this generation so fully earned an unequivocal indorsement in the midst of his Administration.

Every American citizen should read the message of President Wilson to the American people to be found on another page of this paper and then face the question, is it not the duty of the hour to uphold President Wilson? The only affirmative answer possible to be given is a vote for Palmer for U. S. Senator and Brodbeck for Congressman.

JUDICIARY ISSUES.

The hope is expressed that the voters of all parties in Adams county will be a unit for Judge George Kunkel. He is entirely removed from partisan politics and is a model non-partisan judicial candidate. Last November he was re-elected Judge of Dauphin county on a non-partisan ticket without a single voter of any party against him. He was the judge before whom the Capitol grafters were convicted and sent to prison. He is the kind of man to be elevated to the Supreme Bench. We urge votes for Judge Kunkel and hope he will be elected.

Letters of friends of Judge Trexler appealing to those "in sympathy with the Republican party" to vote for him, and telling that he "deserves the support of Republicans," seem to us to violate the spirit of non-partisan judiciary law and are sufficient reason alone to prefer James E. Clark to Frank M. Trexler for the Superior Court.

Proclamation

To the Coroner, Justices of the Peace and Constables in the different Boroughs and Townships in the County of Adams—Greeting:

KNOW YE, that in pursuance of a precept to me directed under the hand and seal of the Honorable S. McC. Swope, President of the several Courts of Common Pleas, in the 51st Judicial District, consisting of the Counties of Adams and Fulton, and by virtue of his office of the Court of Oyer and Terminer and General Jail Delivery, for the trial of Capital and other offenders therein, and in the General Court of Quarter Sessions of the Peace, and W. Howard Dicks and Leo Sneeringer, Esqs., Judges of the same Co. of Adams. You and each of you are hereby required to be and appear in your own proper persons with your Records, Recognizances, Examinations and other remembrances, before the Judges aforesaid, at Gettysburg, at a Court of Oyer and Terminer and General Jail Delivery and General Quarter Sessions of the Peace therein to be holden in the County of Adams aforesaid on the second Monday of Nov. next it being the 9th day at 10 o'clock a. m., of said day then and there to do those things to which your several offices appertain.

SEAL GIVEN under my hand at Gettysburg on the 3rd day of October, in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and fourteen.

G. R. THOMPSON, Sheriff.

List of Jurors

GRAND JURORS.

List of Grand Jurors drawn October 3, 1914, for the Court of Quarter Sessions of the Peace, Court of Oyer and Terminer and General Jail Delivery to be held at Gettysburg in and for the County of Adams the second Monday of November, A. D., 1914.

Bosserman, John B., farmer, Reading Twp.
Bucher, Clayton F., J. P., Germany Twp.
Bream, C. C., agent, Gettysburg, 1st wd.
Everhart, Edward, ret'd, Huntington Twp.
Funk, Jacob, carpenter, Butler Twp.
Hartley, Howard, merchant, Gettysburg, 1st ward.
Hollinger, Geo. G., poultryman, Abbottstown Bor.
Holtz, Joseph, gent., New Oxford Bor.
Kimmel, Adam, auctioneer, Reading Twp.
Kane, Geo. A., farmer, Franklin Twp.
Kise, John, laborer, Germany Twp.
Lott, Samuel C., farmer, Highland Twp.
Mehring, Claude, cigarmaker, Littlestown Bor.
Smith, Paul A., cigarmaker, McSherrystown 2nd ward.
Starry, W. J., merchant, Huntington Twp.
Spalding, James G., gent, Germany Twp.
Stover, William, farmer, Menallen Twp.
Thomas, Curtis, farmer, Menallen Twp.
Trimmer, Jacob A., blacksmith, Straban Twp.
Warren, L. A., farmer, Menallen Twp.
Wolf, W. S., thresherman, Reading Twp.
Wolford, William, farmer, Huntington Twp.
Vandyke, John D., farmer, Butler Twp.
Yeatts, William C., merchant, Bendersville Bor.

PETIT JURORS.

List of Petit Jurors drawn October 3, 1914, for the Court of Quarter Sessions of the Peace, Court of Oyer and Terminer and General Jail Delivery, to be held at Gettysburg, in and for the County of Adams, the second Monday of November, A. D., 1914.

Alwine, Wm. C., book manufacturer, Oxford Twp.
Bell, W. W., furniture laborer, Gettysburg 1st ward.
[illegible], James, banker, New Oxford Bor.
Byers, Henry, carpenter, Littlestown Bor.
Baker, Lewis, laborer, Franklin Twp.
Bender, Samuel, farmer, Reading Twp.
Black, R. H., farmer, Cumberland Twp.
[illegible], Samuel, laborer, Fairfield Bor.
[illegible], Geo. W., merchant, York Springs Bor.
[illegible]
Watson, John H., gent, Gettysburg 3rd wd.
[illegible], Peter, gent, East Berlin Bor.

Serious Charge.

Charles Mous, 22 years, Earl Staub 20 years, James Sadler 17 years, and Emory Myers, 15 years, were arrested on Monday on a serious charge made by Wm. Albright, father of Marie Albright, aged 14 years. The offense is charged as having occurred at 11.30 Saturday night, Oct. 17, when the Albright girl was on her way home and was asked by one of the boys to go into a livery stable on pretext of securing a team to take her home. Three of the boys have given bail to answer the charge at the November court, while Mous is in jail awaiting trial.

Blood Medicine

That originated in a famous doctor's successful prescription, that is made from the purest and best ingredients, that has a record of relief and benefit believed to be unequalled the world over—such is HOOD'S SARSAPARILLA.

On the Job, In Your Interest

You have the satisfaction of having a Congressman who is devoting his time in your interest by being in Washington in constant attendance at the sessions of Congress for nearly eighteen months. Mr. Brodbeck who represents you is a

Candidate on the DEMOCRATIC TICKET For Re-election

He has been consistent in upholding President Wilson and his policies. Has stood by the President in his successful efforts to avert war with Mexico which undoubtedly has meant the saving of thousands of lives, millions of money and untold hardships.

The newspapers every day for a month past have been setting forth the awful horror of the war in Europe.

Isn't it the proper thing to do to support the President? And the most effectual way to do this is by showing your confidence in those who have worked with him.

ANDREW R. BRODBECK

Mr. Brodbeck not only deserves your confidence, but your VOTE on NOVEMBER 3rd.

Vote for Palmer for U. S. Senate and Make Penrose Defeat Certain.

Congressman A. Mitchell Palmer [illegible] to waste their votes and to [illegible] opposition to Penrose.

In the primary election, Palmer received about three times as many votes as the only other opponent of Penrose now running. He received more votes than any other candidate for senator of any party in half the counties of the State; the other progressive candidate received more votes than any other candidate in one county. Palmer received more votes than Penrose in forty counties, while the progressive only received more votes than Penrose in five counties.

Palmer is the candidate of the great national party that is in control of the national government. As such he will receive practically the united vote of his own party and thousands of men of all parties who see in him their only opportunity to vote their approval of the splendid course of the [illegible] Francis R. [illegible] and Rev. R. M. Little of Philadelphia; Henry C. Niles of York; and John N. [illegible] of Pittsburgh, who recognize in him the opposite of Senator Penrose on every moral issue, the peer of Penrose in intellect and capacity, and his superior in influence and power at Washington.

That Palmer is really feared by Penrose, and that no other candidate is so feared, is proved by the consistent attack which Penrose and all his friends and cohorts have made from the beginning of the campaign against Palmer, utterly ignoring as a negligible factor his other opponent.

Palmer can win against Penrose. Palmer is opposed to everything Penrose stands for and is worthy of the confidence of every sincere voter.

CLEAN UP PENROSES Control of the Judiciary

VOTE FOR JAMES E. CLARK

On the NON-PARTISAN JUDICIAL COLUMN for SUPERIOR COURT JUDGE

Mr. Clark is opposed to Penroseism and Just, Able, Fearless and Free

If elected I will work and vote in the interests of the people

Vote for D. C. RUDISILL For LEGISLATURE

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PROPOSED AMENDMENTS TO THE CONSTITUTION SUBMITTED TO THE CITIZENS OF THE COMMONWEALTH FOR THEIR APPROVAL OR REJECTION, BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA, AND PUBLISHED BY ORDER OF THE SECRETARY OF THE COMMONWEALTH, IN PURSUANCE OF ARTICLE XVIII OF THE CONSTITUTION.

Number One.

A JOINT RESOLUTION

Proposing an amendment to section one, article eight of the Constitution of Pennsylvania.

Be it resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, That the following amendment to the Constitution of Pennsylvania be, and the same is hereby, proposed, in accordance with the eighteenth article thereof:—

That section one of article eight, which reads as follows:

"Section 1. Every male citizen twenty-one years of age, possessing the following qualifications, shall be entitled to vote at all elections, subject, however, to such laws requiring and regulating the registration of electors as the General Assembly may enact:

"First. He shall have been a citizen of the United States at least one month.

"Second. He shall have resided in the State one year (or, having previously been a qualified elector or native-born citizen of the State, he shall have removed therefrom and returned, then six months) immediately preceding the election.

"Third. He shall have resided in the election district where he shall offer to vote at least two months immediately preceding the election.

"Fourth. If twenty-two years of age and upwards, he shall have paid within two years a State or county tax, which shall have been assessed at least two months and paid at least one month before the election," be amended so that the same shall read as follows:

Section 1. Every citizen, male or female, of twenty-one years of age, possessing the following qualifications, shall be entitled to vote at all elections, subject, however, to such laws requiring and regulating the registration of electors as the General Assembly may enact:

First. He or she shall have been a citizen of the United States at least one month.

Second. He or she shall have resided in the State one year (or, having previously been a qualified elector or native-born citizen of the State, he or she shall have removed therefrom, and returned, then six months) immediately preceding the election.

Third. He or she shall have resided in the election district where he or she shall offer to vote at least two months immediately preceding the election.

Fourth. If twenty-two years of age and upwards, he or she shall have paid within two years a State or county tax, which shall have been assessed at least two months and paid at least one month before the election.

Fifth. Wherever the words "he," "his," "him," and "himself" occur in any section of article VIII of this Constitution the same shall be construed as if written, respectively, "he or she," "his or her," "him or her," and "himself or herself."

A true copy of Joint Resolution No. 1.

ROBERT McAFEE,
Secretary of the Commonwealth

Number Two.

A JOINT RESOLUTION

Proposing an amendment to section eight of article nine of the Constitution of Pennsylvania.

Section 1. Be it resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, That the following is proposed as an amendment to the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, in accordance with the provisions of the eighteenth article thereof:—

Amend section eight, article nine of the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, which reads as follows:

"Section 8. The debt of any county, city, borough, township, school district, or other municipality or incorporated district, except as herein provided, shall never exceed seven per centum upon the assessed value of the taxable property therein, nor shall any such municipality or district incur any new debt, or increase its indebtedness to an amount exceeding two per centum upon such assessed valuation of property, without the assent of the electors thereof at a public election in such manner as shall be provided by law; but any city, the debt of which now exceeds seven per centum of such assessed valuation, may be authorized by law to increase the same three per centum, in the aggregate, at any one time, upon such valuation, except that any debt or debts hereinafter incurred by the city and county of Philadelphia for the construction and development of subways for transit purposes, or for the construction of wharves and docks, or the reclamation of land to be used in the construction of a system of wharves and docks, as public improvements, owned or to be owned by said city and county of Philadelphia, and which shall yield to the city and county of Philadelphia current net revenues in excess of the interest on said debt or debts, and of the annual installments necessary for the cancellation of said debt or debts, may be excluded in ascertaining the power of the city and county of Philadelphia to become otherwise indebted: Provided, That a sinking-fund for their cancellation shall be established and maintained," so that it shall read as follows:—

Section 8. The debt of any county, city, borough, township, school district, or other municipality or incorporated district, except as herein provided, shall never exceed seven per centum upon the assessed value of the taxable property therein, nor shall any such municipality or district incur any new debt, or increase its indebtedness to an amount exceeding two per centum upon such assessed valuation of property, without the assent of the electors thereof at a public election in such manner as shall be provided by law; but any city, the debt of which now exceeds seven per centum of such assessed valuation, may be authorized by law to increase the same three per centum in the aggregate, at any one time, upon such valuation; except that any debt or debts hereinafter incurred by the city and county of Philadelphia for the construction and development of wharves and docks, or the reclamation of land to be used in the construction of a system of wharves and docks, as public improvements, owned or to be owned by said city and county of Philadelphia, and which shall yield to the city and county of Philadelphia current net revenue in excess of the interest on said debt or debts and of the annual installments necessary for the cancellation of said debt or debts, may be excluded in ascertaining the power of the city and county of Philadelphia to become otherwise indebted: Provided, That such indebtedness incurred by the city and county of Philadelphia shall not at any time, in the aggregate, exceed the sum of twenty-five million dollars for the purpose of improving and developing the port of the said city and county, by the condemnation, purchase, or reclamation or lease of land on the banks of the Delaware and Schuylkill rivers, and land adjacent thereto; the building of bulkheads, and the purchase or construction or lease of wharves, docks, sheds, and warehouses, and other buildings and facilities, necessary for the establishment and maintenance of railroad and shipping terminals along the said rivers; and the dredging of the said rivers and docks: Provided, That the said city and county shall, at or before the time of so doing, provide for the collection of an annual tax sufficient to pay the interest thereon, and also the principal thereof within fifty years from the incurring thereof.

A true copy of Joint Resolution No. 2.

ROBERT McAFEE,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

Number Three.

A JOINT RESOLUTION

Proposing an amendment to section twenty-one of article three of the Constitution of Pennsylvania.

Section 1. Be it resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, That the following amendment to the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania be, and the same is hereby, proposed, in accordance with the eighteenth article thereof:—

Amend section twenty-one, article three of the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, which reads as follows:

"No act of the General Assembly shall limit the amount to be recovered for injuries resulting in death, or for injuries to persons or property, and in case of death from such injuries, the right of action shall survive, and the General Assembly shall prescribe for whose benefit such actions shall be prosecuted. No act shall prescribe any limitations of time within which suits may be brought against corporations for injuries to persons or property, or for other causes different from those fixed by general laws regulating actions against natural persons, and such acts now existing are avoided," so that it shall read as follows:

The General Assembly may enact laws requiring the payment by employers, or employers and employees jointly, of reasonable compensation for injuries to employees arising in the course of their employment, and for occupational diseases of employees, whether or not such injuries or diseases result in death, and regardless of fault of employer or employee, and fixing the basis of ascertainment of such compensation and the maximum and minimum limits thereof, and providing special or general remedies for the collection thereof; but in no other cases shall the General Assembly limit the amount to be recovered for injuries resulting in death, or for injuries to persons or property, and in case of death from such injuries, the right of action shall survive, and the General Assembly shall prescribe for whose benefit such actions shall be prosecuted. No act shall prescribe any limitations of time within which suits may be brought against corporations for injuries to persons or property, or for other causes, different from those fixed by general laws regulating actions against natural persons, and such acts now existing are avoided.

A true copy of Joint Resolution No. 3.

ROBERT McAFEE,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

Number Four.

A JOINT RESOLUTION

Proposing an amendment to the Constitution of Pennsylvania abolishing the office of Secretary of Internal Affairs.

Be it resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, That article four of the Constitution of Pennsylvania shall be amended by adding thereto section twenty-three, which shall read as follows:—

The office of Secretary of Internal Affairs be, and the same is hereby, abolished; and the powers and duties now vested in, or appertaining or belonging to, that branch of the executive department, office, or officer, shall be transferred to such other departments, offices, or officers of the State, now or hereafter created, as may be directed by law.

A true copy of Joint Resolution No. 4.

ROBERT McAFEE,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

Number Five.

A JOINT RESOLUTION

Proposing an amendment to the Constitution of this Commonwealth in accordance with provisions of the eighteenth (XVIII) article thereof.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same, That the following is proposed as an amendment to the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, in accordance with the provisions of the eighteenth (XVIII) article thereof:—

AMENDMENT.

Laws may be passed providing for a system of registering, transferring, insuring of and guaranteeing land titles by the State, or by the counties thereof, and for settling and determining adverse or other claims to and interests in lands the titles to which are so registered, transferred, insured, and guaranteed; and for the creation and collection of indemnity funds; and for carrying the system and powers hereby provided for into effect by such existing courts as may be designated by the Legislature, and by the establishment of such new courts as may be deemed necessary. In matters arising in and under the operation of such system, judicial powers, with right of appeal, may be conferred by the Legislature upon county recorders and upon other officers by it designated. Such laws may provide for continuing the registering, transferring, insuring, and guaranteeing such titles after the first or original registration has been perfected by the court, and provision may be made for raising the necessary funds for expenses and salaries of officers, which shall be paid out of the treasury of the several counties.

A true copy of Joint Resolution No. 5.

ROBERT McAFEE,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

Number Six.

A JOINT RESOLUTION

Proposing an amendment to section eight, article nine of the Constitution of Pennsylvania.

Section 1. Be it resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, That the following is proposed as an amendment to the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, in accordance with the provisions of the eighteenth article thereof.

Amendment to Article Nine, Section Eight.

Section 2. Amend section eight, article nine of the Constitution of Pennsylvania, which reads as follows:—

"Section 8. The debt of any county, city, borough, township, school district, or other municipality or incorporated district, except as herein provided, shall never exceed seven per centum upon the assessed value of the taxable property therein, nor shall any such municipality or district incur any new debt, or increase its indebtedness to an amount exceeding two per centum upon such assessed valuation of property, without the assent of the electors thereof at a public election in such manner as shall be provided by law; but any city, the debt of which now exceeds seven per centum of such assessed valuation, may be authorized by law to increase the same three per centum, in the aggregate, at any one time, upon such valuation, except that any debt or debts hereinafter incurred by the city and county of Philadelphia for the construction and development of subways for transit purposes, or for the construction of wharves and docks, or the reclamation of land to be used in the construction of a system of wharves and docks, as public improvements, owned or to be owned by said city and county of Philadelphia, and which shall yield to the city and county of Philadelphia current net revenue in excess of the interest on said debt or debts, and of the annual installments necessary for the cancellation of said debt or debts, may be excluded in ascertaining the power of the city and county of Philadelphia to become otherwise indebted: Provided, That a sinking-fund for their cancellation shall be established and maintained," so as to read as follows:—

Section 8. The debt of any county, city, borough, township, school district, or other municipality or incorporated district, except as herein provided, shall never exceed seven per centum upon the assessed value of the taxable property therein, nor shall any such municipality or district incur any new debt, or increase its indebtedness to an amount exceeding two per centum upon such assessed valuation of property, without the assent of the electors thereof at a public election in such manner as shall be provided by law; but any city, the debt of which now exceeds seven per centum of such assessed valuation, may be authorized by law to increase the same three per centum in the aggregate, at any one time, upon such valuation; except that any debt or debts hereinafter incurred by the city and county of Philadelphia for the construction and development of wharves and docks, or the reclamation of land to be used in the construction of a system of wharves and docks, as public improvements, owned or to be owned by said city and county of Philadelphia, and which shall yield to the city and county of Philadelphia current net revenue in excess of the interest on said debt or debts and of the annual installments necessary for the cancellation of said debt or debts, may be excluded in ascertaining the power of the city and county of Philadelphia to become otherwise indebted: Provided, That such indebtedness incurred by the city and county of Philadelphia shall not at any time, in the aggregate, exceed the sum of twenty-five million dollars for the purpose of improving and developing the port of the said city and county, by the condemnation, purchase, or reclamation or lease of land on the banks of the Delaware and Schuylkill rivers, and land adjacent thereto; the building of bulkheads, and the purchase or construction or lease of wharves, docks, sheds, and warehouses, and other buildings and facilities, necessary for the establishment and maintenance of railroad and shipping terminals along the said rivers; and the dredging of the said rivers and docks: Provided, That the said city and county shall, at or before the time of so doing, provide for the collection of an annual tax sufficient to pay the interest thereon, and also the principal thereof within fifty years from the incurring thereof.

A true copy of Joint Resolution No. 6.

ROBERT McAFEE,
Secretary of the Commonwealth

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

In re estate of Marcus J. Hamilton, late of the Borough of Gettysburg, Adams county, Pennsylvania, deceased.

Letters of administration with will annexed of the above named decedent having been granted to the undersigned by the Register of Wills of Adams county, all persons indebted to said decedent are hereby notified to present their claims properly authenticated and persons having claims or demands against the estate of said decedent are requested to make the same known without delay to the undersigned.

C. WM. TRONELL,
Admr. d. b. n. c. t.a.,
Gettysburg, Pa.

Or: John D. Keith, Atty.,
First National Bank Bldg.,
Gettysburg, Pa.

Western Maryland Ry.

EFFECTIVE SEPT 27th, 1914

5.50 a. m. Daily for Hanover, York, and Baltimore.

8.29 a. m. Daily except Sunday for Hanover, York and intermediate points.

10.19 a. m. Daily for Hagerstown Waynesboro, Chambersburg, Hancock, Cumberland, Pittsburg, Chicago and the West, also Elkins, W. Va.

3.44 p. m. Daily for Hanover, York, Baltimore and intermediate stations.

5.38 p. m. Daily except Sunday for Hagerstown and intermediate stations.

11.22 p. m. Daily for Hagerstown, Cumberland, Pittsburgh and the West. Also W. Va. points.

Toned Up Whole System.

"Chamberlain's Tablets have done more for me than I ever dared hope for," writes Mrs. Esther Mae Baker, Spencerport, N. Y. "I used several bottles of these tablets a few months ago. They not only cured me of bilious attacks, sick headaches and that tired out feeling, but toned my whole system." For sale by all dealers.

Advertisement.

Art in the Soup.

The artist's wife leaned over and looked at her husband's soup after she had handed it to him.

"Oh," she cried, "look at the scroll the fat has made in your soup. Isn't it artistic? Don't eat it. It is so beautiful!"

Keep Your Stomach and Liver Healthy

A vigorous Stomach, perfect working Liver and regular acting Bowels are guaranteed if you will use Dr. King's New Life Pills. They insure good Digestion, correct Constipation and have an excellent tonic effect on the whole system—Purify your blood and rid you of all body poisons through the Bowels. Only 25c. at your Druggist.

Advertisement.

ENROLL NOW

Strong courses.

Individual Instruction.

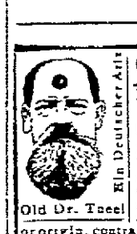
Low Tuition rate.

Room and Board, $4 a week.

If you cannot enter school now, start by our Home Study plan. It will pay you.

Do it today.

Lancaster Business College
48 N. Queen St. Lancaster, Pa.



OLD DR. THEEL'S

Med. Inc. Offices, 1719 Spring Garden St., Phila., Pa., 48 yrs. Specialist, Diseases of Youth Men & Women. His GERMAN TREATMENT Restores Health gives Strength, builds up the broken down from Atrophy, Errors & Follies, gives New Life to the worn-out System, all Ailments, recent or old, either cause or origin, contracted, inherited, or infection that flesh is heir to, banished. The GERMAN TREATMENT positively & alone drives every vestige of Blood Poison from the System without dangerous after effects. All others suppress only & even the up-to-date methods do, yes even kill, so proves by the World's greatest Authorities, 1000 Testimonials & Book Free. A Revelation to the sick. Successful Mail Treatment Hrs. 9 to 5 Sundays

NOTICE

The first and final account of P. C. Smith, assignee in trust for the benefit of the creditors of, Walter J. Kunkel and Florence P. Kunkel, of East Berlin, Pa., has been filed in the Court of Common Pleas of Adams County, and will be confirmed on the 9th day of NOVEMBER, at 10.30 a. m., unless cause be shown to the contrary.

T. MARSHALL MEHRING,
Prothonotary.

NOTICE.

The first and final account of Hon. George H. Trostle, guardian of Oceana Bream, a person of weak mind, who died on December 29th, 1913, in the Borough of Bendersville, Adams county, intestate, unmarried and without issue, will be confirmed by said court on the 7th day of DECEMBER, 1914, at 10.30 o'clock a. m., unless cause be shown to the contrary.

T. MARSHALL MEHRING,
Prothonotary.

Don't be a Grouch

Take

Dandelion Liver Disks

They will take the Grouch out of you.

The Pills that make you smile

40 DOSES 25 CENTS

AT ALL DRUGGISTS

ELECTRIC LIGHTS FOR COUNTRY HOMES

32 Volt Storage Battery outfit, including Engine, Dynamo, Switchboard and battery capacity for a weeks light on one day charge. $150.00.

Expert house wiring and artistic lighting fixtures. Write or telephone for prices.

W. M. E. ZIEGLER,
Electrical Contractor.
Bell Phone 63 Z Gettysburg, Pa.

PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM

Cleanses and beautifies the hair. Promotes a luxuriant growth. Never Fails to Restore Gray Hair to its Youthful Color. Prevents Hair Falling.

Men and Women Wanted

to sell the most remarkable bargain in the magazine world this year.

	Reg. Price	BOTH FOR
EVERYBODY'S	$1.50	$2
DELINEATOR	1.50	
Total	$3.00	To One Person

A monthly salary and a liberal commission on each order. Salaries run up to $250.00 per month, depending on the number of orders. This work can be done in your spare time, and need not conflict with your present duties. No investment or previous experience necessary. We furnish full equipment free.

Write for particulars to

THE RIDGWAY COMPANY
Spring and Macdougal Sts. New York

A Singular Bequest

Its Purpose Could Be Only Inferred

By MAY C. ETHERIDGE

When my mother died, leaving me alone in the world, I felt so desolate that I considered it essential for me to do something to divert my mind from my trouble. I should be obliged to make my own living, but I possessed a few hundred dollars and could not bring myself to begin the work till my money was all gone.

Scanning a newspaper one day I saw an advertisement of a lady who desired a companion with whom to travel abroad. The applicant must be between twenty and thirty-five years old, educated and of a cheerful disposition. Besides her expenses, she would be paid $50 a month.

It seemed to me that this would be a good opportunity for me if I could obtain the situation. I came within the limit of age, for I was exactly twenty. As to the cheerful disposition, I bore my misfortunes without inflicting them on others, but I surely did not feel cheerful. I answered the advertisement and, having been invited to call upon the lady, found her a widow, much broken down in health, nervous and irritable.

I was so disappointed at the prospect before me that I declined the position. This seemed to excite Mrs. Southerland's desire for my services, and she doubled the offer of salary. Since I would be at no expense I should return with some $1,200, which, with what I already had, would give me a little nest egg. So I agreed to go.

Mrs. Southerland's son, a young man of twenty-five, brought her on to the steamer, where I had gone shortly before to prepare her stateroom for her and unpack needed articles. Roy Southerland was evidently much harassed by his mother, whose nervous condition had evidently communicated itself to him. This is a common occurrence. There is nothing that will break down one's nerves quicker than taking care of a nervous wreck. While his mother was resting in her stateroom before the ship cast off the young man took me aside and said to me:

"I don't envy the work before you. I am sorry to turn my poor mother over to another, but she needs other care than mine. Quite likely when you return you will be in the same condition as myself. If so I will do what I can to make it up to you. I don't consider your salary any pay for what you will have to endure. A thousand dollars a month would not induce me to undertake the care of my mother, and twice that would not induce me to give it up to any one else if I had not come to the end of my rope. It is essential for both her and me that she should be cared for by some one else than me."

I could understand this situation, and I confess the young man won my earnest sympathy. The prospect before me was surely not brightened by what he told me. I did not think so much of his offer to make good what I would endure as a feeling of contentment at being able to bear his burden for him while he took a rest. I assured him that he had acted wisely in the matter and that he might have perfect confidence I should devote myself to his mother and stand by her till I brought her back to him, as I hoped, greatly benefited.

Mrs. Southerland proved to be a singular woman. When I returned to her after this interview with her son she said to me:

"I suppose you have been talking to Roy. He is a good son to me, but he does not realize that I am perfectly competent to take care of my own affairs. Besides, he considers me very irksome and I'm sure is glad to get rid of me. However, he is more dutiful than most sons, who don't hesitate to fall in love with the first pretty face they see, and those who have poor old lonely mothers will not scruple to marry and leave their mothers out in the cold. But Roy can't do that without my consent unless he is willing to give up the family fortune, which my husband left entirely to me to dispose of as I please, and Roy knows that the moment he takes a wife to usurp my first place with him he will lose every cent of it."

This was but an expected sequel to what Roy Southerland had told me and was not a very pleasant beginning of my term of service. Without making any reply to the remarks I asked the lady what I could do for her to make her comfortable. This diverted her mind from her unappreciative son, and she told me of so many things she wished for that I had all I wanted to do to provide them.

I had accepted this situation in order to recover from a condition of my own and found myself called on to bear a depression of another. One would suppose that I had made matters worse for myself. But this, in one respect at least, was not so. My own distress fell to the ground before the greater suffering of another. Mrs. Southerland was a hard mistress, finding fault with every one, including her own son, but there were moments when, her nerves having come to a period of rest, she showed an entirely different disposition. During these intervals she showed unbounded love for her son and declared that if he wished to marry a society girl she would not stand in his way. We had not crossed the ocean before she showed not only great dependence upon me to do things for her, but began to rely upon me for companionship and for sympathy. Her son had provided her with reading matter, and she desired me to read to her, but I saw at once that the books he had selected were far above his mother's requirements. I found lighter works in the ship's library, which I read to my charge and by doing so not only kept her from harassing me, but I was enabled to pass such time as I devoted to this work pleasantly.

During the latter days of the ocean voyage I got Mrs. Southerland on deck occasionally, and she was benefited by the pure air of an ocean whose currents were unobstructed, but when we entered the smoke and perpetual rains of London she fell back to her previous condition.

One duty fell to me that I found very difficult. Mrs. Southerland directed me to write every few days of her condition to her son. Of course she read the letters I wrote. I tried telling the young man that his mother was doing well and improving steadily. This letter she forced me to write over, telling him that she was no better and would never be any better. I obeyed the order, but since I was commissioned with the posting of the letter I opened it and put a postscript stating that the health report was his mother's and not mine. In my next letter I stated that the patient was feeling poorly. I was directed to write it "tolerably well for a broken down old woman."

Since I wrote in the mother's name the son replied directly to her, but his letters invariably contained thanks to me for acting as her amanuensis. He seemed constantly solicitous about his mother, and it was evident that he was a very good and affectionate son.

We reached Switzerland as the hot weather elsewhere was coming on, and I took my charge to a small hotel on Lake Geneva. I had hoped the Swiss mountain air would do her good, and I do not doubt it would have done so had it not been that her vitality was gradually failing.

During our stay in Switzerland I was told by physicians whom I had called in that she would last but a few weeks. I wrote privately to Roy Southerland of this report.

Roy started at once to join us, but arrived too late to see his mother alive. During the last week of her life she became aware that she had but a short time to live and called in a notary to draw a will. I was surprised at this, for she had told me that she had made a will before she left bequeathing her fortune to Roy, but had determined that if he married against her wishes during her lifetime she would change it. However, it was natural that she should make a will with death facing her to provide for immediate requirements. Indeed, she told me that she had stipulated in the instrument that I should be paid my salary for a year from the date of my entering her service.

A few days after Mrs. Southerland's death we started on our return to America. I gave Roy his mother's will, but he was too much affected by her loss to open it, thrusting it into his pocket.

When I reached America I went directly to my home. Not long after my arrival Roy Southerland called upon me, and from the moment I entered the room where he was I knew something momentous had happened. He spoke to me in a reserved tone.

"Are you aware of the contents of my mother's will so far as it concerns you?"

"Only what she told me."

"What did she tell you?"

"That I was to receive a year's salary."

"Do you know any thing else that is in it?"

"Nothing whatever. I supposed that she would call upon me for one of the witnesses, but she did not."

While he was asking me these questions he was scrutinizing me. It was evident he was searching for some truth. He asked me one more question.

"Did mother ever talk to you about how she had left her property?"

"She told me she had left a will at home bequeathing you everything, but added that in case you married without her consent she would change it."

When I said this an expression came over his face which seemed to indicate that he had elicited what he had been searching for. He did not speak again for a few moments, then in a changed voice said:

"All my mother's property after a few small legacies is bequeathed to you."

I stood staring at him as though he had made a statement involving an impossibility.

"I naturally wondered," he continued, "whether you had exerted any influence upon my mother to bring this about. I am sure you had nothing to do with the matter and were ignorant. Moreover, I have learned from what you have told me my mother's reason for leaving all her property to you."

I was too dumfounded to speak for awhile, but presently I asked him what that reason was.

"That you must find out for yourself."

I did find out, so far as guessing would enable me to do so, that she had left her property to me because she wished her son to marry the woman of her choice and I was her choice. She was a singular woman, and had I not known her for some time I could not have understood her.

What followed this denouement is a longer story than the one I have told. I offered to give up the inheritance. That plan failed. Then I offered myself with the inheritance. The offer was accepted.

NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®

PRESIDENT WILSON'S LETTER

(Continued from page 3.)

thing they do in connection with it. No group of bankers anywhere can get control; no one part of the country can concentrate the advantages and conveniences of the system upon itself for its own selfish advantage. The board can oblige the banks of one region to go to the assistance of the banks of another. The whole resources of the country are mobilized, to be employed where they are most needed. I think we are justified in speaking of this as a democracy of credit. Credit is at the disposal of every man who can show energy and assets. Each region of the country is set to study its own needs and opportunities and the whole country stands by to assist. It is self-government as well as democracy.

FEDERAL RESERVE ACT

I understand why it was not possible at this session to mature legislation intended specially for the development of a system for handling rural, or rather, agricultural credits; but the federal reserve act itself facilitates and enlarges agricultural credit in an extraordinary degree. The farmer is as much a partner in the new democracy of credit as the merchant or manufacturer. Indeed, special and very liberal provision is made for his need, as will speedily appear when the system has been a little while in operation. His assets are as available as any other man's and for credit of a longer term.

There has been many other measures passed of extraordinary importance, for the session has been singularly rich in thoughtful and constructive legislation; but I have mentioned the chief acts for which this congress will be remembered as very notable, indeed. I did not mean when I began to write to make this letter so long, and even to mention the other legislation that is worthy of high praise would extend it to an inordinate length. My purpose in writing was merely to express my own great admiration for the industry and the leadership, as well as the wisdom and constructive skill, which has accomplished all these things.

I wish I could speak by name of the many men who have so honorably shared in these distinguished labors. I doubt if there has ever been a finer exhibition of teamwork or of unhesitating devotion to the fulfillment of party pledges—and yet the best of it is that the great measures passed have shown, I venture to say, no partisan bias, but only a spirit of serious statesmanship. I am proud to have been associated with such men, working in such a spirit through so many months of unremitted labor at trying tasks of counsel. It has been a privilege to have a share in such labors. I wish I could express to every one of the members who have thus co-operated together my personal appreciation of what he has helped to do. This letter may, I hope, serve in some sort as a substitute for that.

I look forward with confidence to the elections. The voters of the United States have never failed to reward real service. They have never failed to sustain a congress and administration that were seeking, as this congress and, I believe, this administration, have sought, to render them a permanent and disinterested benefit in the shape of reformed and rectified laws. They know that, extraordinary as the record is which I have recited, our task is not done: that a great work of constructive development remains to be accomplished. In building up our merchant marine, for instance, and in the completion of a great program for the conservation of our natural resources and the development of the water power of the country—a program which has at this session already been carried several steps toward consummation. They know, too, that without a congress in close sympathy with the administration a whole scheme of peace and honor and disinterested service to the world, of which they have approved, can not be brought to its full realization. I would like to go into the district of every member of congress who has sustained and advanced the places of the party and speak out my advocacy of his claim to reelection. But, of course, [illegible]

[illegible]

very complete and very confident belief in the practical sagacity of the American people.

With sincere regard and admiration,

Faithfully yours,

Woodrow Wilson.

Hon. Oscar Underwood,
House of Representatives,
Washington, D. C.

Meteors and Meteorites.

A meteor is any luminous or fiery object that traverses space, as shooting stars, falling stars, etc. A meteorite is a mass of mineral matter which reaches the earth from upper space. The fall of a meteorite is often preceded by the flight of a fireball through the sky and by an explosive sound, but not always, for they sometimes reach the earth without any previous notice. They have been recorded ever since the world began, and, of course, some fall which are never recorded. The British museum contains a collection of 566 meteoric stones, of which twelve fell within the British islands and the rest in other parts. Almost every museum of any note has a collection of them, ranging in size from a few pounds to hundreds of pounds. Lieutenant Peary brought one from Greenland that weighed thirty-six and one-half tons. There are authentic cases of narrow escapes from meteorites, but only one in history of a person being killed, and that man was in India, in 1827.—Philadelphia Press.

Citrolax

CITROLAX

CITROLAX

Best thing for constipation, sour stomach, lazy liver and sluggish bowels. Stops a sick headache almost at once. Gives a most thorough and satisfactory flushing—no pain, no nausea. Keeps your system cleansed, sweet and wholesome. Ask for Citrolax. For sale at Peoples Drug Store.

Advertisement.

Flight of the Housefly.

Dr. Hindle of London finds that houseflies tend to travel either against or across the wind. This direction may be directly determined by the action of the wind, or indirectly, owing to the flies being attracted by odors borne by the wind. Fine weather and warmth favor dispersal, and flies travel further in the open country than in towns—probably because the houses offer food and shelter. In thickly housed localities the usual maximum flight is about a quarter of a mile, but in one case a single fly was recovered at a distance of 770 yards—partly over open fenland. When set free in the afternoon flies do not scatter so well as in the morning. Liberated flies often mount almost vertically to a height of forty-five feet or more.

Switzerland's President.

There is one highly civilized country in which not one person in four could give their ruler's name. That country is Switzerland. One reason why the president is almost unknown either by name or by sight is that he is not a public figure at all. He has no privileges as president and no official uniform—not even of the army. Switzerland has a fresh president every year. He has no personal authority as president and is practically only the speaker of Switzerland's unassuming little parliament. It is recorded that at a meeting of Swiss business men no one could recall the name of the president. The waiter was asked. He happened to know, because the president was his uncle.—Philadelphia Times.

Trouble Ahead.

"That speech you made placing me in nomination was a splendid statement of the case," said the grateful candidate.

"Yes," replied the old campaigner, "it was a fine statement. But we're going to have a dickens of a time proving it."—Washington Star.

Which?

Wife—I hired a new cook today, Jerry. Stout. Husb.—You did! And will he stay? Wife—Which what? Husb.—Last or stout?—Boston Transcript.

All the Details.

[illegible] Betty. [illegible] anything? [illegible] post [illegible] St. Louis.

HELPFUL WORDS

From a Gettysburg Citizen.

[illegible]

Read this Gettysburg testimony.

Mrs. Annie Flaherty, 431 Washington St., Gettysburg, says: "I have used Doan's Kidney Pills during the past several years and am willing to tell of my experience for the benefit of other kidney sufferers. I had weak kidneys for a long time and was also subject to headaches and backaches. Doan's Kidney Pills have removed all these troubles. There is no better remedy for the kidneys."

Price 50c. at all dealers. Don't simply ask for a kidney remedy—get Doan's Kidney Pills—the same that Mrs. Flaherty had. Foster-Milburn Co., Props., Buffalo, N. Y.

Foley Cathartic Tablets.

You will like their positive action. They have a tonic effect on the bowels and give a wholesome, thorough cleaning to the entire bowel tract. Stir the liver to healthy activity and keep stomach sweet. Constipation, headache, dull tired feeling never afflict those who use Foley Cathartic Tablets. Only 25c. For sale by the Peoples Drug Store.

Advertisement.

A LARGE number of the good neighbors and friends gathered at the home of John Mummert, near Abbottstown, this week and shocked and housed his corn crop. Mr. Mummert has been ill for some time, and recently underwent treatment in the York hospital, but obtained little or no relief.

W. T. HUTCHENS, Nicholson, Ga., had a severe attack of rheumatism. His feet, ankles and joints were swollen, and moving about was very painful. He was certainly in a bad way when he started to take Foley Kidney Pills. He says, "Just a few doses made me feel better, and now my pains and rheumatism are all gone and I sleep all night long." For sale by Peoples Drug Store.

Advertisement.

EDWARD SMITH, of New Oxford, has been declared an involuntary bankrupt by Judge Witmer, United States District Judge for the Middle District of Pennsylvania, at Scranton. The schedule shows that Mr. Smith has assets of $1062 and liabilities of more than $2500.

Positively Masters Croup.

Foley's Honey and Tar Compound cuts the thick choking mucus, and clears away the phlegm. Opens up the air passages and stops the hoarse cough. The gasping, strangling fight for breath gives way to quiet breathing and peaceful sleep. Harold Berg, Mass, Mich., writes: "We give Foley's Honey and Tar to our children for croup and it always acts quickly." For sale by Peoples Drug Store.

Advertisement.

WHEN Mr. and Mrs. Dennis Biscel returned to their home in Cumberland township, after attending church they found things on the second story of the house somewhat scattered. A closer scrutiny of the premises revealed the fact that two savings banks belonging to little sons, and other small sums of money were missing. Charles Smith, a hireling on the farm for the past four months, was also gone, and nothing has been seen of him since.

Check Kidney Trouble at Once.

There is such ready action in Foley Kidney Pills, you feel their healing from the very first dose. Backache, weak, sore kidneys, painful bladder and irregular action disappear with their use. O. Palmer, Green Bay, Wis., says: "My wife is rapidly recovering her health and strength, due solely to Foley Kidney Pills." For sale by Peoples Drug Store.

Advertisement.

A FIGHT over a gambling dispute when one of the men struck another over the head with a lighted lantern is said to have been the cause of the burning to death of two valuable race horses and the destruction of 60 stables in the Fair grounds at Hagerstown, on Saturday morning. The horses lost were Anna Dewey, 2.20, valued at $1000, owned by J. M. Detrich of Baltimore, and Lord Percis a stallion with a fine breeding record, valued at $1500, owned by J. B. Wisemon, of Fairmont, W. Va.

Your Fall Cold Needs Attention

No use to fuss and try to wear it out. It will wear you out instead. Take Dr. King's New Discovery, relief follows quickly. It checks your Cold and Soothes your Cough away. Pleasant, Antiseptic and Healing. Children like it. Get a 50c. bottle of Dr. King's New Discovery and see; it in the house. "Our family Cough and Cold Doctor" writes Lewis Chamberlain, Manchester, Ohio. Money back if not satisfied, but it nearly always helps.

Advertisement.

She Doesn't Shut Up.

Mr. Flatte—Did you [illegible] be called his wife?

Mrs. Flatte—No.

"A direct little plant."

"Why?"

"Why, I have little plants [illegible] shut up during a storm."—Chicago Tribune.

[illegible]

Warning the Flirts.

A popular dress was [illegible] the flirt.

"The flirt," she said, "has a good time in the present—a good time of a sort in the present—but what about the future? Many a girl is on the shelf today because she kept men on the rock yesterday."—Washington Star.

ELY'S CREAM BALM has been tried and not found wanting in thousands of homes all over the country. It has won a place in the family medicine closet among the reliable household remedies, where it is kept at hand for use in treating cold in the head just as soon as some member of the household begins the preliminary sneezing or snuffling. It gives immediate relief and a day or two's treatment will put a stop to a cold which might, if not checked, become chronic and run into bad case of catarrah.

More Than Enough Is Too Much.

To maintain health, a mature man or woman needs just enough food to repair the waste and supply energy and body heat. The habitual consumption of more food than is necessary for these purposes is the prime cause of stomach troubles, rheumatism and disorders of the kidneys. If troubled with indigestion, revise your diet, let reason and not appetite control and take a few doses of Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets and you will soon be all right again. For sale by The People's Drug Store.

Advertisement.

D. R. McCLEAF of Iron Springs has recently completed the erection of a large new horse barn on his property. He has also repainted all the buildings.

FOR baby's, Willie's daily cuts and bruises, mamma's sore throat, Grandma's lameness.—Dr. Thomas' Eclectic Oil—the household remedy. 25c. and 50c.

Advertisement.

DENNIS CONRAD, four year old son of James Conrad of McSherrystown was playing on a wagon when he lost his balance and fell striking his head and cutting a deep gash, which it is feared will leave an ugly scar.

MISS EDITH PETERS, of Guernsey, this county, raised an egg plant which weighed 6 1-2 pounds and measures 26x26 1-2 inches in circumference.

For a mild easy action of the bowels try Doan's Regulets, a modern laxative. 25c. at all stores.

Advertisement.

ALLEN HARMON, young son of Mr. and Mrs. Martin Harmon of Hunterstown was kicked by a mule when he entered its stall. He was struck above the hip and badly bruised.

DR. C. J. MARSHALL, state veterinarian, has issued a warning that the foot and mouth disease, one of the most dangerous known among cattle, has appeared in parts of Indiana and Michigan. State cattle dealers are told to be on the lookout and to promptly report any cases. The disease has not appeared in Pennsylvania for over six years.

FOR any itching skin trouble, piles, eczema, salt rheum, hives, itch, scald head, herpes, scabies, Doan's Ointment is highly recommended. 50c. a box at all stores.

Advertisement.

THE State Policemen are working on the case of the dead doe that was found on the road at Newman's above Caledonia, on Saturday. The blood was still warm when it was found. The carcass was sent to White Pine Sanatorium.

HEAVY, impure blood makes a muddy, pimply complexion, headaches, nausea, indigestion. Thin blood makes you weak, pale and sickly. For pure blood, sound digestion, use Burdock Blood Bitters. $1.00 at all stores.

Advertisement.

THE recent rains have had no noticeable effect on the drought in the Pigeon Hills. Many of the springs and wells are so low as to be almost useless. In some places the farmers had to haul water in barrels.

How's This.

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by his firm.

NATIONAL BANK OF COMMERCE, Toledo, O.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Testimonials sent free. Price 75 cents per bottle. Sold by all druggists.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Advertisement.

LEAVES are falling. Babies don't fall away while taking Dr. Fahrney's Teething Syrup. It makes any child [illegible]

Advertisement.

H. E. SPENGLER has sold his [illegible] acre farm near Zion to E. [illegible] Frey, of Mount Alto. Possession will be given April first.

Apply Sloan's Freely for Lumbago.

Your attack of lumbago may come [illegible] nearly so helpless as it seems. You can relieve them [illegible] by a simple application of Sloan's Liniment to the back [illegible] penetrates painlessly [illegible] the sore, tender muscles, [illegible] the back and make it feel [illegible] Bottle of Sloan's Liniment [illegible] of any druggist and [illegible] the house—against colds, sore, stiff, swollen joints, rheumatism, neuralgia, sprains and like ailments. Your money back if not satisfied. But it does give prompt instant relief.

Advertisement.

SAMUEL RENTZELL, a farmer of near Iron Springs, this county, was severely injured, when he was knocked down and trampled upon by an unmanageable horse.

Stop Those Early Bronchial Coughs

They hang on all winter if not checked, and pave the way for serious throat and lung diseases. Get a bottle of Foley's Honey and Tar Compound, and take it freely. Stops coughs and colds, heals raw inflamed throat, loosens the phlegm and is mildly laxative. Best for children and grown persons. No opiates. For sale by Peoples Drug Store.

Advertisement.

CASTORIA.

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

Advertisement.

AUTOMOBILE owners and drivers and motorcyclists are urged to send in their application for licenses for 1915 at an early date according to a statement issued by the State Highway Department last week.

For Chapped Skin.

Chapped skin whether on the hands or face may be cured in one night by applying Chamberlain's Salve. It is also unequaled for sore nipples, burns and scalds. For sale by The People's Drug Store.

Advertisement.

W. E. GROVE of York Springs purchased the Mrs. Henrietta Yohe property in that place at public sale Saturday for $608.

FOLEY KIDNEY PILLS

FOR RHEUMATISM KIDNEYS AND BLADDER

Advertisement.

GEO. DENTLER, of Biglerville, has accepted a position as manager of a large stock farm near Middletown in Juniata county, and will leave to take up his duties there next spring.

Why Not Publish It?

When you want a fact to become generally known, the right way is to publish it. Mrs. Joseph Kallans, Peru, Ind., was troubled with belching, sour stomach and frequent headaches. She writes, "I feel it my duty to tell others what Chamberlain's Tablets have done for me. They have helped my digestion and regulated my bowels. Since using them I have been entirely well." For sale by all dealers.

Advertisement.

THE Emmitsburg Savings Bank has purchased the Sebold Building on the Square in Emmitsburg. The banking rooms of the institution have been located in the building since it first began business in June 1909.

CASTORIA.

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

Advertisement.

GEORGE P. SMITH of York Springs has purchased the Mrs. Isaac Trostle farm near that town for his brother-in-law, who now resides at Omaha, Neb., but expects to come east next summer.

FOLEY KIDNEY PILLS

FOR BACKACHE KIDNEYS AND BLADDER

Advertisement.

JAMES ANDREWS, of Cashtown, received an ugly gash above his eyes when his horses got unruly while hauling apple barrels to an orchard. The horses ran away and threw him out and the barrels followed him and cut his head open.

What Would You Do?

There are many times when one man questions another's actions and motives. Men act differently under different circumstances. The question is, what would you do right now if you had a severe cold? Could you do better than to take Chamberlain's Cough Remedy? It is highly recommended by people who have used it for years and know its value. Mrs. O. E. Sargent, Peru, Ind., says, "Chamberlain's Cough Remedy is worth its weight in gold and I take pleasure in recommending it." For sale by all dealers.

Advertisement.

SHERIFF Geo. R. Thompson of Gettysburg bagged a fine 12 1-2 pound coon at his farm in Straban township last Thursday afternoon.

CASTORIA.

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

Advertisement.

AARON SHEARER, proprietor of the East Berlin Flouring Mills, has purchased a 5-ton motor truck which he will use [illegible] to railroad stations.

It Always Does the Work.

"I like Chamberlain's Cough Remedy [illegible]" writes R. [illegible] Corp, Pa. "I have [illegible] years and [illegible] Advertisement.

JOHN [illegible] Markle, of [illegible] painfully injured when the [illegible] were running [illegible] were dragged for some distance.

FOLEY KIDNEY PILLS

FOR BACKACHE KIDNEYS AND BLADDER

Advertisement.

MISS RUTH WALBERT, of near White Hall, Mt. Pleasant township, has accepted the position as stenographer in the office of the New Oxford Shoe Co.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

Advertisement.

Chestnut Shingles

Always on Hand.

Carload or Smaller Lots.

WRITE FOR TERMS.

E. F. STRASBAUGH,
Orrtanna R. 1

EDGAR C. TAWNEY

Dealer in Bread, Rolls, Cakes and Pretzels. Everything is Fresh and of the Very Best.

WEST MIDDLE ST., GETTYSBURG

OVER 65 YEARS' EXPERIENCE

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MUNN & Co. 36 Broadway, New York

Branch Office, 625 F St., Washington, D. C.

A WOMAN'S DAY

It begins early, and ends late. It is full of work from sun rise to bed time. Being constantly on her feet, she often has kidney trouble without knowing it. She has backache. It is hard for her to get up in the morning, she is so tired and worn out. She does not sleep well, has poor appetite and is nervous. Her bladder gives her trouble too.

Foley Kidney Pills

will cure all that, and make her again STRONG, WELL and VIGOROUS. Get Foley Kidney Pills at the nearest drug store and START TAKING THEM TO-DAY. They cost less than the doctor and do more. The genuine Foley Kidney Pills are sold only in the yellow package. For sale by Peoples Drug Store.

Constipation

Is to be dreaded. It leads to serious ailments, Fever, Indigestion, Piles, Sick Headache, Poisoned System and a score of other troubles follow. Don't let Constipation last. Keep your Kidneys, Liver and Bowels healthy and active. Rid your system of fermented, fussy foods.

Nothing better than

Dr. King's New Life Pills

All Druggists 25 cents
SATISFACTION OR MONEY BACK

SAVED BY A POSTAL

Thousands Have Been Cured by Dr. David Kennedy's Favorite Remedy—Lives Saved by a Postal Card.

[illegible] wrote for a free trial bottle, and were so pleased with the general results obtained that they bought a large size bottle of the druggist and it benefited or cured them. It has cured thousands—it will cure you. Dr. David Kennedy's Favorite Remedy is of the greatest value for diseases of the Kidneys, Liver and Blood; rheumatism, constipation and illnesses peculiar to women. Stops such dangerous symptoms as pain in the back, headache back of eyes, inability to hold urine, burning pains and frequent urination. Wonderfully successful for nearly forty years. Write today to Dr. David Kennedy Co., Rondout, N. Y., for a free sample bottle and medical pamphlet. Large bottles sold by 50,000 druggists.

AS YOU FEAR CANCER

TUMOR GROWTH BUNCHES

[illegible]

BERGAMOT

PROMPTLY RELIEVED BY THE ENGLISH REMEDY BLAIR'S PILLS

SAFE, & EFFECTIVE. 50 & $1 DRUGGISTS.

DR. BLAIR'S 1 ST. BROOKLYN, N.Y.

A Reliable Remedy FOR CATARRH

Ely's Cream Balm is quickly absorbed. Gives Relief at Once.

It cleanses, soothes, heals and protects the diseased membrane resulting from Catarrh and drives away a Cold in the Head quickly. Restores the Senses of Taste and Smell. Full size 50 cts. at Druggists or by mail. Liquid Cream Balm for use in atomizers 75 cts. Ely Brothers, 56 Warren Street, New York.

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